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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     UNITED STATES of AMERICA,
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                     Plaintiff,
                                              11 Civ. 6425 AKH
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                 V.
     ALEX SAAVEDRA,
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                     Defendant.
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9
                                              April 14, 2015
                                              10:15 a.m.
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      Before:
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                        HON. ALVIN K. HELLERSTEIN,
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                                              District Judge
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                                                and a jury
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                                APPEARANCES
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     PREET BHARARA,
          United States Attorney for the
17
          Southern District of New York
      BY: CARINA HYATT SCHOENBERGER,
18
          JENNIFER ELLEN BLAIN,
          Assistant United States Attorneys
19
     LAW OFFICES OF BETTINA SCHEIN,
20
          Attorneys for defendant
     BY: BETTINA SCHEIN, Esq.
21
          - and -
     LAW OFFICES OF ALAN S. FUTERFAS,
22
     BY: ALAN SAMUEL FUTERFAS, Esq.
                      Of counsel
23
24
     Also Present:
          HARRY SOLOMON, Technical Support USAO
25
          MARISA ALBERTI, Defense Paralegal & Technical Support
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(In open court)

2 (Case called)

THE COURT: In response to the three letters of last night, we have added the two names to the witness list. I note the government's withdrawal of counts involving payment under mistake and common law fraud, they're necessarily duplicative, and I would have asked they be withdrawn anyhow.

I want to add one more to be withdrawn and that is the unjust enrichment count which is the flip side of the fraud.

If you have a fraud, you get money you shouldn't have, you shouldn't have a special charge. It just complicates things unnecessarily.

MS. SCHOENBERGER: The government has no objection to withdrawing that claim.

THE COURT: Good. We have the false claims and the false records. With regard to the admissions, they're relevant. They show intent and they come in. I would like to see the transcripts, though. In openings the government should not be playing any records. It can tell the jury what it expects to prove by way of admissions and tell the jury they'll be able to hear it if you want to do that, but they will not be played.

Are there any other demonstrative pieces of evidence that will be shown to the jury by either side?

By the government?

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               MS. BLAIN:
                           Not from the government, your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                           By the defense?
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               MS. SCHEIN: No, your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                          Good. You know that your time is limited
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      to 20 hours a side. Each side knows that?
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                          Yes, your Honor.
               MS. BLAIN:
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               THE COURT:
                          Ms. Shine?
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               MS. SCHEIN: Yes, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Mr. Futerfas?
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               MR. FUTERFAS: Yes, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Ms. Jones will keep the time and you
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      should compare your notes at the end of each day.
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               The transcripts?
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               MS. SCHOENBERGER: If we may provide transcripts a
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      little later in the week. We don't anticipate presenting this
      evidence until the end of our witness lineup, and the
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      government and the defendant are still discussing which
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      excerpts will be played.
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               THE COURT: Why does the government need the defense's
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      consent to play admissions?
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               It is a matter of four minutes, I am told?
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               MS. SCHOENBERGER: That's right. We don't believe we
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      need any consent. It is our understanding the defendant would
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      also like to play certain excerpts, and I believe by Thursday
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      we can provide transcripts for your Honor.
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1	THE COURT: Very well. Anything else anybody needs?
2	Thanks.
3	MS. SCHEIN: Your Honor, just one question with regard
4	to the voir dire. We reviewed the questions for each juror
5	that your Honor has to give to the jury, but also we submitted
6	some questions.
7	THE COURT: Also what?
8	MS. SCHEIN: We submitted some questions.
9	THE COURT: I know you did.
10	MS. SCHEIN: We would like to know whether those
11	questions will be asked of the prospective jurors?
12	THE COURT: I'll give you a chance to object or add
13	before we get to this part.
14	MS. SCHEIN: Thank you.
15	THE COURT: You'll have a chance to object or to add.
16	I tried to incorporate whatever is relevant without the
17	buttering-up questions. Mr. Futerfas knows what I mean by the
18	buttering-up questions.
19	MR. FUTERFAS: Yes.
20	(Off-the-record discussion)
21	THE COURT: Ms. Jones wants each of you to keep the
22	time as well in case she is drawn off into something else to
23	do.
24	(Pause)
25	MS. BLAIN: Your Honor, just a quick question for

1	clarification purposes?
2	THE COURT: Yes.
3	MS. BLAIN: In the opening can we refer to quotes from
4	the tapes that we intend to play to the jury? We just can't
5	play the tapes? Is that your Honor's ruling?
6	THE COURT: You can use the quotes, yes.
7	MS. BLAIN: Okay, thank you.
8	THE COURT: Ms. Schein, how do you pronounce your
9	client's name?
10	MS. SCHEIN: Mr. Saavedra, Alex Saavedra.
11	THE COURT: Saavedra?
12	MS. SCHEIN: Yes.
13	MR. FUTERFAS: Your Honor, I have one other
14	housekeeping matter. The letter we sent your Honor was just
15	that for the purposes of during the trial, our two associates,
16	Ms. Resnick and Matthew McCann may from time to time join us
17	during the trial, and we wanted them here just for jury
18	selection so the jury can eyeball them.
19	THE COURT: They will be identified.
20	MR. FUTERFAS: Thank you.
21	THE COURT: Ms. Schoenberger and Ms. Schein, shouldn't
22	we refer to the case as United States against Saavedra?
23	MS. SCHOENBERGER: Yes, your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Shouldn't we reform the caption? The jury
25	does not need to know about any other defendant or what

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happened to any other defendant.
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               MS. SCHEIN: Yes, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: I will give them an instruction it is not
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      their business.
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               MS. SCHEIN: Thank you.
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                                  That's right, your Honor.
               MS. SCHOENBERGER:
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               THE COURT: The caption is reformed to read the United
      States versus -- what is Mr. Saavedra's first name?
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               MS. SCHEIN: Alex.
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               THE COURT: Alex Saavedra? His full name?
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               MS. SCHEIN: Alexandro Saavedra.
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               THE COURT: A L E X A N D R 0, right?
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               MS. SCHEIN: Yes.
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               MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, we agree that is an
      appropriate change for the caption. Some of our witnesses are
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      former defendants in this case. Is there any problem with them
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      saying they're former defendants in this case?
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               THE COURT: If you don't ask them, I am sure Ms.
      Schein will, so I am sure the answer is no. Is that okay, Ms.
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      Schein, or would you prefer they not be mentioned by title?
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               MS. SCHEIN: Your Honor, that is fine.
22
               (Off-the-record conversation)
23
               (Jury voir dire was reported and can be found under
24
      separate cover)
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               (Continued on next page)
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(A jury of eight persons was duly selected and sworn)

THE COURT: So let me go over the claims again and

give you a few remarks, excuse you for lunch, and we'll start

the trial with openings this afternoon after lunch.

The plaintiff has made two distinct allegations against the defendant Alexander Saavedra. The first allegation is that the defendant knowingly presented or caused to be presented false and fraudulent claims for payment to the United States or its affiliate. It doesn't have to go directly to the United States. It can go indirectly to the United States for funds going back to the United States.

The defendant denies that false and fraudulent claims for payment were presented to the United States or its agent or affiliate.

The defendant further denies, if false and fraudulent claims were presented for payment, that he had any knowledge of them.

There's two broad issues: Whether the claims were false, and the defendant had knowledge or what amounts to the same thing, willfully closing your eyes to the knowledge.

That's the first set of allegations.

The second set of allegations is that the defendant Saavedra knowingly caused false records or statements to be made which were material or important to a false or fraudulent claim to the United States or its affiliate.

The defendant denies that false records or statements were made which were material to a false or fraudulent claim to the United States or its affiliate.

The defendant also denies that, if false records and statements were made, he had any knowledge of them. So, first, were there false records or statements? Were they important for getting money? Did defendant know about it? Three sets of issues. Two broad claims, two or three sets of issues with each.

Those issues will be decided by you according to the instructions I give you at the end of the case and the evidence that's presented.

Evidence comes from witnesses. What lawyers say, what I say is not evidence. They will give you opening statements of what they intend to prove. That's not evidence. They are going to give you summations at the end of the case of what they think they proved. That's not evidence.

The evidence is what the witnesses say and what the documents that are admitted into evidence say and whatever inferences you can take from those. That's going to be your job and only your job.

I will give you guidance and instructions, but you have to make up your minds about the evidence. That's why it's so important that you be fair and impartial and keep an open mind until the very end of the case.

Broadly speaking, there are two kinds of evidence:

Direct evidence and circumstantial evidence. Direct evidence is what a witness sees or hears. That's direct.

Circumstantial evidence is that what is unique to reason from to get to a point. There's no rule that makes one more important than the other or says one is a better kind than another. Each category of evidence has its strengths and its weaknesses. Your job is to take and consider all the evidence in the case, decide under my instructions who has the burden of proof, and ask yourself, has that party satisfied the burden of proof.

The burden of proof is by a preponderance of the evidence. If you keep in mind as an example the weights on a scale, if they are tipped so slightly, that is a preponderance of the evidence.

A lot depends, of course, on whether you believe witnesses, the issues of credibility. Is the witness telling the truth or trying to shade the truth in some way? Testifying in court with some kind of agenda or purpose, or candidly and openly, as best the witness saw or heard?

I will give you instructions on that and all other issues. That's your charge, to find the truth, who's telling you the truth. Keep an open mind. Don't discuss the case amongst yourselves or with anyone else. Keep an open mind, as many times as I repeat that, that will be important. No

private research, no newspapers accounting for this case, no radio, only what the witnesses and the documents say.

Don't ask any relatives or friends to come see the trial. It's not a showpiece. It is a serious business that we are asking you to do.

We will be giving you notebooks and pens. Those of you who wish to take notes, please feel free to do so. At the end of the case and at each recess, we will take back the notes. We will keep them for you during the case. At the end of the case we will destroy all the notes.

The notes are there to help you pay attention, to help you remember during the case. But they are not to be used to prove a point to anyone else. They are not for any recollection or souvenir. They are there to help you. They are here to help you remember. If you need to remember what a witness said more accurately or what I said more accurately, you ask for a readback, and we'll get it back to you.

So the notes are to help a person who takes the notes. Don't feel compelled to take notes. Note-taking is an art. Some people do better just by listening; others do better by trying to take notes of whatever people say, and you do it to whatever degree you want to.

We will start each day at 10 o'clock or, if there's something up, I'll let you know. Otherwise, it is a 10 o'clock start.

We cannot start unless each and every one of you is here. If you're late, everyone has to wait. That goes for the lawyers, it goes for each juror, it goes for me. I would like to be starting on time and finishing on time and being efficient and fair in running this case.

There will be no sidebars unless I need it. If a lawyers asks for a sidebar, chances are I won't give it to him. It's the lawyer's job to bring to me the issues that need to be discussed before you are around so we don't take up your time.

The trial will go smoothly. If the lawyer has an objection, the word is "objection," no explanations. If I need any explanation, I will ask for it. If I don't need it, I won't ask for it. The lawyers will not make speeches to you.

They will be timed. They each have 20 hours to present their case or to cross-examine in support of their case. When they get up, the time runs. So they will be efficient, too.

I promise you a good trial and a fair trial.

Ms. Jones will come in to the jury room with you. She will tell you what number to call if you're held up in some fashion so we know what is going on. You will have our number, and we will have your numbers.

It is now 12:30. Let's start at a quarter to 2. Come back at quarter to 2, and we'll start with the openings. The government will start first. Who is going to do it?

1	MS. BLAIN: I am, your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Ms. Blain.
3	Who is going to do it for the defendant?
4	MS. SCHOENBERGER: I will, your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Ms. Schein. They have no time limits, but
6	the time they take is used against them. What they will say is
7	what they intend to prove. It's not going to be a summation.
8	It's not going to be an argument. It's going to be giving you
9	an outlook of what they intend to prove so you are going to
10	have context about the case.
11	After the openings we go into the evidence. The
12	openings themselves are not evidence. They are what the
13	lawyers think they will be able to prove with the evidence.
14	All right.
15	Any further questions?
16	JUROR: Do we come here each morning?
17	THE COURT: Yes. Come back and assemble in the jury
18	room. Don't linger in the lobbies.
19	JUROR: In here?
20	THE COURT: As soon as you come in, you come in, we'll
21	try to have coffee for you, and wait in the jury room itself.
22	JUROR: The jury room downstairs?
23	THE COURT: Here.
24	THE DEPUTY CLERK: I will tell them everything.
25	THE COURT: Ms. Jones will tell you everything.

You're excused. JUROR: Is it going to be easier for us to get past the screening when we come in? Quicker? THE COURT: No, you don't get any special excuse for the screening. But leave time. You can't count on public transportation or private transportation. Give yourself time. (Jury not present) (Luncheon recess)

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1 AFTERNOON SESSION 2 (1:50 p.m.)3 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, I had one question 4 before the jury enters. THE COURT: Everybody, please be seated. 5 6 MS. SCHOENBERGER: The government's first witness will 7 be Alan Katz. Alan Katz is a former defendant in the case. I anticipate asking him if he is a former defendant, how his case 8 9 ended, and if he admitted wrongdoing as part of his settlement 10 to end the case. I just wanted to make sure that that didn't 11 run counter to anything that the judge ruled with respect to 12 the case caption this morning. 13 THE COURT: I don't remember. Ms. Schein? 14 MS. SCHEIN: No, your Honor, it does not. Thank you. 15 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, just a practical matter. We have two binders of exhibits. These are not all 16 17 for one witness, but I was just wondering if I could put them 18 up on the witness box before the witness gets there. 19 THE COURT: Yes. 20 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Thank you. 21 THE COURT: Do we have copies? 22 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Yes, on the front ledge there. 23 THE COURT: Are you going to display them also? 24 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Yes. And we are going to display

them electronically. We have provided a set for the defense

1 | table as well.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Are you ready, Judge?

THE COURT: Ready.

(Jury present)

THE COURT: Ms. Blain, will now deliver her opening.

MS. BLAIN: Thank you, your Honor.

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen, and may it please the Court. My name is Ellen Blain. I am an assistant United States Attorney here in the Southern District of New York. And I, along with my colleague Carina Schoenberger and our assistant Harry Solomon, represent the United States.

This is a case about lies. It is about one company lying over and over again in order to get money from the federal government.

It's about the man in charge, the man who knew about these lies, the man who encouraged the employees he supervised to lie, the man who let the lies continue.

As you will hear, the defendant, Alex Saavedra, was a director at a company called SEEDCO, as the Court already explained. SEEDCO stands for Structured Employment Economic Development Corporation. SEEDCO got millions of dollars from the federal government, almost \$12 million to help New Yorkers find jobs or find better jobs.

And what did the government get in return? Lies. Lies about the number of people SEEDCO helped. Lies designed

Opening - Ms. Blain

to inflate the number of people SEEDCO helped so that SEEDCO could get more money from the federal government, lies that the defendant knew about and encouraged.

That's why we are here today, ladies and gentlemen.

The money in this case came from the federal government and then it went to New York State and then it went to New York

City, and when it came to New York City it went to an agency called the New York City Department of Small Business Services,

SBS. When SBS got that money, it gave it to companies like SEEDCO to help people find jobs.

SEEDCO ran career centers. You will hear that the number-one purpose of these career centers was to help people find jobs or find better jobs. Alex Saavedra was the director of two of these career centers, one up in Harlem and one further up in the Bronx.

Unemployed New Yorkers went to these career centers for help getting jobs or help getting better jobs. Again, that was the number-one purpose of these centers.

Here's how the process was supposed to work. A New Yorker would come into the center, fill out a form, list his name, where he works or where he last worked, and a SEEDCO staff member would take that information and put it into an electronic database called Worksourcel. Later, if SEEDCO helped that person get a job or a better job, a SEEDCO staff member would fill out another form with the new job

Opening - Ms. Blain

information, the new job, or the better job, and also enter that information into the database called Worksourcel. That counted as a job placement. Job placements were important to SEEDCO because that's why SEEDCO got paid. (Continued on next page)

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SBS, that New York City agency, required SEEDCO to place a certain number of people in jobs every quarter or every three months. In the end each of these three months SBS would look into that database and total the number of people SEEDCO claimed they had helped and pay SEEDCO in part based on that That is how the process was supposed to work, and number. here's what the evidence will show about how it actually worked.

SEEDCO employees lied. You will hear witnesses on the stand tell you that they just lied about the number of people SEEDCO helped and they did this by taking information that jobs seekers first gave to SEEDCO and changing it by entering fake information into that database, the Workforcel database.

You will hear witnesses tell you when a job seeker cake into SEEDCO, SEEDCO staff reported to SBS through Workforcel that that person's last job, the job the person doesn't have any more, the job the person got way before going to SEEDCO for help, was actually that person's current job and that SEEDCO helped them get it. That is a lie.

You will also hear witnesses tell you that when job seekers came into SEEDCO, SEEDCO staff reported that that person's current job the person also got before going to SEEDCO for help to get a better job was actually a job that SEEDCO helped them get. So that is another lie.

And you will hear witnesses on the stand tell you that

Opening - Blain

they did this a lot, that almost half of the job placements they reported were fake, and the evidence will show that the defendant, the boss, the man in charge knew about this, that he knew that his employees were submitting fake information into Workforcel to the government.

You may hear defendant say that he didn't actually know what his employees were doing, that he was too busy to pay any attention, but here is what the evidence will show. You will hear from members of his staff, you will hear first from Alan Katz later today. Alan Katz reported directly to the defendant, and you will hear Mr. Katz tell you that he, Alan Katz, directed his team to lie, and that he talked about those lies openly in SEEDCO career centers.

You will then hear from Ana Yatiz-Bryant, who will tell you she actually entered that fake information into Workforcel and that she did that a lot, almost half again of those entries she will tell you were fake.

You will hear from Kimberly Nesmith, who was
Mr. Saavedra's administrative assistant, and Ms. Nesmith will
tell you the defendant had her also enter fake information into
Workforcel.

You will hear from Mitchell McClinton. Mitchell McClinton also reported directly to the defendant, and you will hear Mr. McClinton tell you that the defendant told him to deceive SBS, to deceive that New York City agency, and you will

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hear audio recordings of Mr. Saavedra telling Mitchell McClinton to deceive SBS, to quote, tell Mr. McClinton to take an acting class because Mr. McClinton was, quote, very honest and had to learn to, quote, finesse the art of bullshit.

You will see the defendant received e-mails that lied about job placement as openly as possible. You will see evidence and hear testimony the defendant attended meetings and led meetings in which the process was openly discussed. will see e-mails and hear testimony the defendant was extremely focused on hitting those numbers and hitting those targets in any way possible.

You will hear evidence and see e-mails that he constantly pressured his staff to do it. So, ladies and gentlemen, the evidence will show that the defendant knew what his staff was doing, what was going on in his centers, on his watch, under his nose. Even though he knew about this rampant practice going on in his centers, on his watch, under his nose, he simply looked the other way.

You will hear when New York City found out about it, they ended its relationship with SEEDCO because the government cares about truthful, accurate reporting from companies like SEEDCO who were supposed to help New Yorkers in need.

Now, let me be clear about one more thing. We expect you'll hear evidence about a company called Charney Research. The defendant may say that he didn't know that his staff was

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entering that fake information into the database because this other company, Charney Research, was calling every single person who SEEDCO claimed to help out. That is what you may hear the defendant say, but here's what the evidence will show.

First, it doesn't matter whether this other company, a company hired by SBS failed to discover the lies because the lies actually happened. You will know that the lies actually happened because you will hear people tell you that they lied.

Second, the evidence will show that Charney Research didn't actually call every single person that SEEDCO claimed to have helped, and the defendant knows that.

Finally, whatever this other company was doing doesn't change the fact that SBS needed that information, that information from Workforcel to be accurate, to be true, that SBS cared and that that information mattered.

The evidence will show that the defendant knew about these lies. He was the supervisor. He was the director. He was the boss. He cared more about meeting those numbers on paper than he did in real life because the more people SEEDCO claimed to help, the more money it got. While defendant's company was lying to the federal government, the federal government paid SEEDCO millions of dollars.

Before I sit down, ladies and gentlemen, I just want to thank you. Thank you for your service, which we all appreciate it. I know it is a sacrifice, so we thank you for

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being here today.

As the court told you, the United States has brought this case against the defendant under the False Claims Act. As you listen to the evidence and go through the trial, we ask that you do three things:

First, please listen carefully to the witnesses as they testify and pay close attention to the other evidence as it comes in. The evidence, as you know, will come in one exhibit at any time and the witnesses will testify one at a time, so it may not come in in chronological order. At the end, we will get a chance to come up again and tell you and put it altogether.

Second, please pay close attention to the court's instructions. At the end of the evidence you will deliberate, and the judge will give you detailed instructions, as he already told you, on what you're supposed to do. We ask that you just listen carefully to those instructions.

Finally, we ask that you just use your common sense, the same common sense you use every day, and that is the most important asset you can bring to your service today and in the days to follow as a juror.

If you do these three things, at the end of the evidence you will see that SEEDCO lied to the government and that Alex Saavedra knew about it. At that time we'll stand up before you again and request that you return a verdict that is

Opening - Blain

consistent with the evidence you will have heard in this case, a verdict that the defendant is liable.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Ms. Schein.

MS. SCHEIN: Yes, thank you. May I address the jury from here?

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. SCHEIN: May it please the court. My name is

Bettina Schein, and I along with Alan Futerfas and Marisa

Alberti, who is assisting us, represent the defendant Alex

Saavedra. You heard the government give a preview of our case.

Now I am going to give you a preview of what the evidence will show on behalf of Alex Saavedra.

Alex Saavedra was raised in Albuquerque, New Mexico, a modest home, and came to New York in 1992 to attend Columbia
University on a full scholarship. He earned his masters degree in public planning and in 2001 he was hired by SEEDCO.

SEEDCO, as you heard, is -- I want to get this right,
Structured Employment Economic Development Corporation. It is
a not-for-profit. It began as an antipoverty think tank which
designed innovative programs to assist people and businesses in
economically disadvantaged areas. Mr. Saavedra was hired as a
program associate, and his job at the time was to assist in
writing antipoverty programs to assist people and also to write
grants to fund these programs.

One example of a program, just to give you a brief example of one of the programs he designed, was a program that provided for federal funding for people who were working at low wage jobs, to be able to get to their jobs in an industrial park in Brooklyn which no subway or bus reached.

In 2004, SEEDCO was awarded the contract to run the Upper Manhattan Workforcel Center. SEEDCO offered the position of directorship of that center to Alex Saavedra. He accepted the offer, and he was then opening the center, instituting all the programs required by the investment act, and Workforcel center was funded, as you heard the government tell you, by the United States pursuant to the Work Investment Act.

That Act, the Act of 1988, that Act, the evidence will show, was for the creation of a One-Stop center which would provide all of the federally funded programs under one roof.

That is whay it was called One-Stop.

You'll hear testimony that the purpose of the Workforce Investment Act is to provide workforce investment activities that increased employment, retention and earnings of participants and increase the occupational skill attainment, thereby improving the quality of the workforce, reducing welfare dependency and enhancing the productivity of the United States.

In accordance with the Workforce Investment Act and the contract, the SEEDCO contract, you'll learn that

Opening - Schein

Mr. Saavedra's responsibilities encompassed implementation and management of all the programs in the workforce center. You heard from the government Mr. Saavedra knew about the entry of false placements.

What the credible evidence will show is that

Mr. Saavedra had no knowledge about the entry of false

placements into the Workforcel data system at SEEDCO, and the

evidence will show Mr. Saavedra worked very, very hard managing

the Workforcel center, and he built it into a very productive,

successful and highly regarded workforce center. That is what

the evidence will show.

In 2007, while Mr. Saavedra remained the director of the workforce center, he was asked by SEEDCO to become the vice president there. His responsibilities increased and he was also charged with overseeing some of SEEDCO's citywide antipoverty programs as well as continuing to be the director of the Upper Manhattan Workforce.

You'll hear testimony as well that after 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, that he continued his work as director and also directed his efforts at building strong relationships with the community-based organizations and community stakeholders in the area. These stakeholders included local council members, elected officials, community-based organizations, CUNY and Borough of Manhattan Community College, and also the development of the very large shopping mall on the East River

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drive called the East River Project.

Mr. Saavedra's responsibilities also included overseeing the Upper Manhattan Workforce Center. At that center you will hear evidence that the Upper Manhattan Workforce Center in 2010 alone helped 6,000 people find jobs. The evidence will show in 2010 alone, 6,000 people. You will hear about that.

Some of the programs that Mr. Saavedra oversaw as director of the Upper Manhattan Workforce Center were programs called the Earned Benefits Program, and this program assisted people who were in minimum wage jobs and it helped them have access to public assistant stipends. Some of these stipends provided for extra money for heating bills, for child care and also for supplemental nutrition assistance programs.

Mr. Saavedra also -- and that was in order to help people who were working at these low wage jobs make ends meet -- Mr. Saavedra oversaw also the Individual Training Grant There this program paid for the tuition of people who Program. were taking special courses at some of the community, city community colleges so that they could qualify for jobs in certain sectors such as the health care center and medical technician care. There were also workshops for people who were seeking promotions and raises at work.

When a person first walked into the Upper Manhattan Workforce Center, they'd go to the intake department. They'd

Opening - Schein

get an orientation and then they would fill out a customer information form, you heard the government talk about those, and then they would be sent to one of three departments. They would either be sent to the Earned Benefits Department if they needed assistance, financial assistance to make ends meet. They would be sent to the Career Advisement Department. That department would provide them with interview skill help, resume drafting and computer workshops and things of that nature to help build their skills to find work.

If the person had skills, they would be sent to -- and there was a job opening for them -- they would be sent to a place called the Recruitment & Placement Department. That department recruited salespeople. People in the Recruitment & Placement Department sold -- when I say "sold," there was no cost to the employers, but they offered the staffing services of SEEDCO to different employers.

To do that, if an employer, large employer, wanted the assistance of SEEDCO, they would organize, advertise and conduct pre-screening services at SEEDCO to pre-screen people who came in to see if they were suitable for the job openings at these large employer's companies. Some of the large employers who used the staffing services of SEEDCO were companies such as Fairway, Century 21, the Panco TBN as well as a large market called Italy.

In fact, the company Italy which is located in

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Manhattan, a large restaurant and marketplace, they used the 1 2

services of SEEDCO in developing the market before it opened, and SEEDCO assisted them in finding staff to work in all the marketplaces and restaurants there so they could open on time.

In addition to all these responsibilities, you'll also hear testimony that in 2010 Mr. Saavedra was also responsible for and tasked with writing up requests for proposal along with a group of people at the SEEDCO headquarters downtown to operate the workforce center in the Bronx. They did that. SEEDCO was awarded the contract, and Mr. Saavedra was given the responsibility of opening the Bronx workforce center. He did so in merely four months so that as the contract required, the center could open January 1st, 2011.

You'll hear witnesses testify about entering improper placements into the workforce database. You will hear no credible evidence from any witness that Mr. Saavedra knew that anyone intentionally entered falls placements into the work source database. You will also hear a recording that someone made of Mr. Saavedra and you'll hear some salty language in that recording, but you will hear that the recording has absolutely nothing to do with the entry of false placements.

You will also hear testimony that SBS entered into a contract with Charney Research. You'll hear testimony that not only did Mr. Saavedra have no knowledge about the entry of any false placements, you will hear that Mr. Saavedra knew that

each and every placement that was entered into the work source roster was verified by Charney Research. The testimony you will hear will show that each and every placement was verified. If the placement was not verified, it was not considered by SBS and put into the calculations for the performance-based metric that was then turned into the claim for payment. All of the placements were verified, and Mr. Saavedra knew that the placements were verified.

You will hear testimony that the contract that SBS entered into with Charney Research provided — this is SBS, the city contract provided that Charney Research will call everyone on the work source roster, the data of the people who were entered into as placed, called everyone. In fact, you will hear they called the numbers. If they couldn't reach them the first time, they called them, you will hear the testimony, twelve times, and that it was only after Charney verified the placements that the number of job placements would then be calculated and put into the verified placement metrics that SBS had created.

SBS created a formula where they put in that metric, verified placements, and that was how they determined what the amount of the claim you'll hear about for performance-based payments, and that was the part of the contract you'll hear testimony about that, that concerned placements, and those placements were verified previously by Charney.

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Opening - Schein

Based on all the evidence that you'll hear, I am confident that at the end of the case when the defense gets up to give you our summation, after you hear all of the witnesses testify and viewed all of the evidence that is put in, you will find that Alex Saavedra worked tirelessly to help people, that he had no knowledge that any staff member entered false placements into the work source 1 data system and that you will return a verdict for Mr. Saavedra of not liable of the two claims the United States Government has brought against him. THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Schein. MS. SCHEIN: Thank you for your attention and your service. THE COURT: The government's first witness is Alan Katz. ALAN STEPHEN KATZ, called as a witness by the Government, having been duly sworn, testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. SCHOENBERGER: Good afternoon, Mr. Katz. Α. Good afternoon. Q. Mr. Katz, did you ever work for an organization called Structured Employment Economic Development Corporation? Α. Yes. Was that called SEEDCO for short?

F4FJUSA3 Katz - direct

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. When did you work at SEEDCO?
- 3 A. From August 2009 to October 2011.
- 4 | Q. What kind of work did SEEDCO do?
- 5 A. It helped disadvantaged individuals with work supports and
- 6 family supports and helped them achieve self-sufficiency.
- 7 Q. When you started at SEEDCO in 2009, what was your role?
- 8 A. My role was senior account manager.
- 9 Q. What were your responsibilities as a senior account
- 10 | manager?
- 11 A. It was to oversee the recruitment and placement team, team
- of recruiters and account managers.
- 13 Q. What did it mean to oversee that team?
- 14 A. To supervise the team.
- 15 | Q. What did the team do?
- 16 | A. They assisted candidates in securing job opportunities
- 17 | throughout Manhattan, throughout the city.
- 18 | Q. Who did you report to at that time?
- 19 A. I reported to Alex Saavedra.
- 20 | Q. Did you report directly to him?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. What was Mr. Saavedra's role at that time?
- 23 | A. He was the vice president, center director of the Upper
- 24 Manhattan Workforcel Career Center.
- 25 | Q. What is a Workforcel Career Center?

Katz - direct

- 1 A. Workforcel Career Center are centers throughout the city,
- 2 | throughout the city overseen by the Department of Small
- 3 | Business Services that assist individuals within the
- 4 communities with various work supports and help them connect
- 5 | them with employment.
- 6 Q. You mentioned the Department of Small Business Services.
- 7 | Is that known also as SBS?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Do you have an understanding of what SBS was?
- 10 | A. They oversaw each of the Workforcel career centers within
- 11 | the boroughs, within all the boroughs, so they awarded
- 12 | contracts to the different vendors.
- 13 | Q. In October 2009 when you started at SEEDCO, how many
- 14 | Workforcel centers did SEEDCO operate?
- 15 A. I started in August 2009.
- 16 | O. Where was that located?
- 17 | A. Upper Manhattan, 125th Street.
- 18 | Q. How many people worked at that Workforcel Career Center at
- 19 | the time?
- 20 | A. Approximately 40, 45.
- 21 | Q. How many people did you oversee as senior account manager?
- 22 | A. Initially, six recruiters, six recruiters and a couple of
- 23 operations assistants.
- 24 | 0. What is a recruiter?
- 25 A. Account management for fulfillment. They meet with

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Katz - direct

- candidates, they screen job seekers that come through the center and refer them to job opportunities.
 - Q. What is an operations assistant?
- 4 A. It is an administrative assistant that supports the recruitment placement team.
- 6 | Q. Did your title ever change while you were at SEEDCO?
- A. It did, it changed, but it was the same job, so it was a senior account manager and then a business services manager.
- 9 Q. When did you get the title of business services manager?
- 10 | A. Some time in 2010.
- 11 Q. Did your job responsibilities change at all when you became
- 12 | the business services manager?
- 13 | A. No.
- 14 | Q. Who did you report to when you were the business services
- 15 | manager?
- 16 A. Alex Saavedra.
- 17 | Q. Was his role the same?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. What was his role?
- 20 A. The vice president, center director Upper Manhattan.
- 21 | Q. Was there anyone with a higher managerial level at the
- 22 | Upper Manhattan career center than Mr. Saavedra?
- 23 | A. No.
- 24 | Q. Did your location of where you worked change at any time?
- 25 A. It did in 2011, 1-1-2011.

F4FJUSA3 Katz - direct

- 1 Q. January 1, 2011?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Where did your location change to?
- 4 A. The Bronx Workforcel Career Center.
- 5 Q. At that point how many Workforcel career centers did SEEDCO
- 6 operate?
- 7 A. We operated two centers, two large centers.
- 8 Q. Did SEEDCO still operate the Upper Manhattan center?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | O. And also the Bronx center?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Who did you report to in the Bronx?
- 13 A. To Alex Saavedra for nine months, my tenure there in the
- 14 | Bronx, and then Tage Chandarpaul the last couple of months.
- 15 | Q. When you were in the Bronx and reported to Mr. Saavedra,
- 16 was he the highest level manager in the center?
- 17 A. In the Bronx, yes.
- 18 Q. Why did you leave SEEDCO in October of 2011?
- 19 A. I was terminated.
- 20 Q. Do you have an understanding as to why you were terminated?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. What is your understanding?
- 23 A. My involvement in improper placements throughout the
- 24 | workforce center in Manhattan and the Bronx.
- 25 | Q. Can you explain a little more what you mean by that.

Katz - direct

- 1 A. Sure. There was an investigation. There was a whistle
- 2 | blower that came forward with claims of improprieties at the
- 3 Workforcel center, and that spawned an investigation into
- 4 hiring practices and placement practices throughout the center.
- 5 | Q. Before we get to that, let me ask you, in your job at
- 6 | SEEDCO, did you become familiar with the term "placement
- 7 | targets"?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. What does the term "placement target" refer to?
- 10 A. They're quarterly placement goals that the recruitment
- 11 placement team needs to attain.
- 12 | Q. Do you know where the targets came from?
- 13 A. From SBS.
- 14 | Q. How do you know that?
- 15 | A. Each quarter we were given targets through SBS.
- 16 Q. How were those targets communicated to you?
- 17 | A. I don't recall how they're communicated to us, the e-mail
- 18 or -- I am not sure.
- 19 Q. Did you have an understanding as to the purpose of having a
- 20 | job placement targets?
- 21 A. Would you repeat the question.
- 22 | Q. Did you have an understanding as to the purpose of having
- 23 | job placement targets?
- 24 A. The purpose, yes.
- 25 | Q. What was your understanding?

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Katz - direct

- A. We need to exceed these targets every quarter, so each
 center throughout the city was given targets that they had to
 meet on a quarterly basis, and we just had to place a certain
 number of job applicants into positions.
 - Q. Do you recall approximately what a job placement target would be for a quarter?
 - A. 1200 towards the end of my tenure there, 1200, 1300.
- Q. Was achieving placement targets a significant part of your job?
 - A. It was my job. Yes, that was my job.
- 11 Q. Did SEEDCO keep track of its job placements?
- 12 | A. Yes, yes.
- 13 | Q. How did it do that?
- 14 A. We kept track of job placements through a system called the 15 Work Sourcel System.
- 16 Q. What is the Work Sourcel System?
- 17 A. It is an applicant system that tracks job seekers or anyone 18 for that matter who comes into the Workforcel Career Center.
 - So everyone that comes through the doors, they're registered with the career center so they can obtain free services such as career advisement, recruitment. They can utilize the computer labs throughout the whole city.
- Q. Do you have an understanding as to who had access to the Work Sourcel database?
- 25 A. Yes. SBS had access and our operations assistants.

- 1 | Q. Were these operations assistants that you managed?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. Was information regarding job placement provided to SBS?
- 4 A. The placements were, yes.
- Q. Do you have an understanding of how that information was
- 6 provided to SBS?
- 7 A. Through reports. They can run reports based on placement
- 8 | numbers and accounts, but also through verbal communication
- 9 with each of the centers.
- 10 Q. When you say "run reports," what do you mean?
- 11 A. They oversaw the Work Sourcel System, so they can run
- 12 | placement reports and metrics off of entry, data entry that we
- 13 placed in there.
- 14 Q. Were placement numbers discussed within SEEDCO when you
- 15 worked there?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. By whom?
- 18 A. Mostly by me, but also by managers. We've had regular
- 19 | meetings, whether it was within management team within the
- 20 career center, whether it was with SEEDCO higher-ups that work
- 21 | within the center, with SBS had daily meetings with the
- 22 | recruitment and placement team. It was almost constant.
- 23 Q. Who were you referring to when you referred to the
- 24 | management team?
- 25 A. The coordinators within the center, so Alex, Rick Greene,

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Katz - direct

1	Tage,	Shandell,	Monique.	Who	else?
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We had a advance at work supervisor Cody was his name, so we had those weekly management meetings within the center.

- Q. Were you part of the management team at SEEDCO?
- A. Yes, within the career center, within the Workforcel Career Center, yes.
- Q. Did any SEEDCO employees ever communicate any expectations to you regarding placement targets?
 - A. No. The communication was that we needed to hit and exceed our targets constantly. So those were open conversations and constant conversations within the center and just where we were with our targets.
 - Q. Mr. Katz, if you can take a look at one of the binders in front of you, it is marked as Binder No. 1 and turn to the tab marked 7. This is a document that is marked as Government Exhibit 7.
 - Mr. Katz, do you know what this document is? Just one minute. We are going to make sure that it comes up on everybody's screen.
 - MS. SCHOENBERGER: Does your Honor have the exhibit in front of him?
- 22 THE COURT: 7.
- 23 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- 24 | Q. Mr. Katz, do you know what this document is?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. What is this document?
- $2 \parallel A$. It is an e-mail.
- 3 | Q. Were you a participant in this e-mail?
 - A. Yes.

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- 5 Q. Did you receive it as part of your job at SEEDCO?
- 6 A. Yes.
 - MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the United States offers Government Exhibit 7 as evidence.
 - MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.
 - THE COURT: Received.
- 11 (Government Exhibit 7 received in evidence)
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, may we publish received exhibits to the jury?
- 14 THE COURT: You may.
- When a document is received in evidence, members of the jury, it is displayed to you, and since it is received in
- 17 | evidence, it is evidence. You can read it and remember it for
- 18 what it is worth.
- 19 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- 20 Q. Mr. Katz, we are going to start on Page 2 of this document.
- 21 | If you can look at the one e-mail on that page that includes a
- 22 | table. Mr. Katz, who sent this e-mail?
- 23 A. Lisa Frantzen.
- 24 | Q. Who is Lisa Frantzen?
- 25 A. She is a strategic operations coordinator.

- 1 | Q. Is that a position at SEEDCO?
- 2 A. It is a position within each of the Workforcel career
- 3 centers. She was a SEEDCO employee and she was our strategic
- 4 operations coordinator, I believe, in the Bronx.
- 5 \ Q. What is the date of this e-mail?
- 6 A. February 167, 2011.
- 7 | Q. Did you receive this e-mail?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Did Alex Saavedra also appear on the "to" line of this
- 10 | e-mail?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. What is the "subject" line here?
- 13 A. Workforcel daily performance, COB February 15, 2011.
- 14 | Q. Do you have an understanding of what daily performance
- 15 | refers to?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. What does that refer to?
- 18 A. Placements.
- 19 | Q. Do you have an understanding of what information this chart
- 20 shows?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. What information does the chart show?
- 23 A. It shows our overall total placements and the percentage of
- 24 our goal to date.
- 25 | Q. What does "total placement" mean?

- A. They're total placements, direct placements and indirect placements.
 - Q. What is a direct placement?

A. A direct placement is account manager or recruiter interviews a job seeker, refers to employer, job seeker gets the job, that is a placement. That is a direct placement.

An indirect placement would be candidates that came through the Workforcel Career Center doors and we've given them any variations of work support. Maybe a candidate comes through our doors and they're not exactly -- maybe they don't have a resume, maybe they're not sure, maybe they're not sure how to interview.

They weren't referred to a job by one of the recruitment placement account managers, but they found a job on their own outside of the service, the actual referral from SEEDCO, so maybe we gave them that confidence to interview on their own. They found a position on their own, we would call to say Joe Smith, what is your job status? They found a position on their own. We didn't refer them directly, but they found it on their own, but we take credit for placement right there. That is indirect.

- Q. Could both direct and indirect placements be counted toward the total placements?
- 24 | A. Yes.
 - Q. Other than calling individuals after they've come to the

F4FJUSA3

Katz - direct

- center, was there any other way to find out if someone actually got a job after they received services?
- A. Maybe they came back to the center and told us they found a job, so we could count that as a placement as well.
 - Q. Did you receive a daily performance e-mail every day?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. Who were the daily performance e-mails sent to?
- A. For the most part the managers, but also sent to the folks within the center.
- Q. Can you turn to Page 1 of this document. Focus your attention on the bottom e-mail. Who sent this e-mail?
- 12 A. Tage Chandarpaul.
- 13 Q. Who was Tage Chandarpaul?
- 14 \parallel A. At this point, she was the deputy director in the Bronx
- 15 Workforcel Center.
- 16 Q. Do you know who she reported to?
- 17 A. She reported to Alex.
- 18 Q. Can you please read the second paragraph of Ms.
- 19 Chandarpaul's e-mail to the jury.
- 20 A. "Going forward, we have to continue to stay ahead of our
- 21 | target to ensure we do not get any red light. So by the end of
- 22 | this week it is expected that we are at 874 placements for 60
- 23 percent of our placement goal, which means we need another 124
- 24 placements by close of business Friday."
- 25 | Q. Are you familiar with the phrase, "red light"?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. What does "red light" mean?
- 3 A. You do not, you don't meet your target goal, you don't meet
- 4 your placement goal.
- 5 | Q. Did you become familiar with a light system while you were
- 6 | at SEEDCO?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. What is the light system?
- 9 A. There are three tiers of placements. Green light means
- 10 | you're exceeding your placement goal. Yellow, you're just
- 11 | barely at goal. And red, you have a lot of work to do.
- 12 \parallel Q. Can you tell what day of the week this e-mail is sent.
- 13 A. Wednesday.
- 14 | Q. Can you take a look now at the top e-mail on this page.
- 15 | What day of the week was this e-mail sent?
- 16 A. Thursday.
- 17 | O. Is that the same week as the previous e-mail?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Who is this e-mail from?
- 20 A. It is from Tage Chandarpaul.
- 21 | Q. Who did this e-mail go to?
- 22 | A. All staff in the Workforcel Center in the Bronx.
- 23 | O. Who would that have included?
- 24 A. All management, all SEEDCO employees in the Bronx including
- 25 management support employees.

F4FJUSA3

- 1 | Q. Would that have included you as well?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. What is the subject line of this e-mail?
- 4 A. "Need another 83 placements."
- 5 | Q. Can you please read Ms. Chandarpaul's e-mail to the jury.
- 6 A. Sure. "Dear all, as of this morning we are at 764
- 7 | placements; we need another 83 by close of business tomorrow to
- 8 | be at 60 percent. Please ensure you are doing everything to
- 9 get us to our target by tomorrow."
- 10 | Q. Would it have been unusual for you to receive e-mails
- 11 regarding placements two days in a row?
- 12 A. No, not unusual.
- 13 | Q. Would it be unusual for you to receive a reminder from the
- 14 deputy director about the exact number of placements that were
- 15 | needed?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 Q. Mr. Katz, can you please turn to Tab 2 in your binder.
- 18 | This is 2, Government Exhibit 2.
- 19 Mr. Katz, do you know what this document is?
- 20 A. Yes, it is an e-mail.
- 21 | Q. Is this an e-mail that you received?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. Did you receive it as part of your job at SEEDCO?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers

- 1 Exhibit 2 into evidence.
- 2 MR. FUTERFAS: Without objection.
- 3 | THE COURT: Received.
- 4 (Government Exhibit 2 received in evidence)
- 5 THE COURT: You may publish.
- 6 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
 - Q. Mr. Katz, is Exhibit 2 an e-mail from Alex Saavedra?
- 8 | A. Yes.

- 9 Q. Who was it sent to?
- 10 A. Sent to all staff, Upper Manhattan Workforcel Career
- 11 | Center.
- 12 | Q. That would have included you again?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. What is the date of this e-mail?
- 15 | A. Wednesday, April 28th, 2010.
- 16 | Q. Would you please read the 5th paragraph down to the jury.
- 17 A. "It is particularly critical that we meet our current
- 18 progress and exceed it, especially since Bronx and Queens are
- 19 | already at levels that far surpass others in the system."
- 20 | Q. At the time that you received this e-mail, did you have an
- 21 understanding of what "levels" referred to?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. What did "levels" refer to?
- 24 A. Placements.
- 25 Q. The next paragraph reads:

"Rick is going to ask every one of the teams to step it up in ways you are already used to and in some ways you are not used to. We can have not have a slip this quarter, we absolutely cannot."

Katz - direct

Do you know who Rick is, Mr. Katz?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Who is Rick?
- A. Rick Greene, the deputy director in Upper Manhattan

 9 Workforcel.
- 10 Q. Who did Mr. Greene report to?
- 11 A. He reported to Alex.
- Q. Mr. Katz, when you worked at SEEDCO in the Workforcel
 centers, did you ever instruct employees to report false job
 placements to SBS?
- 15 A. Repeat the question.
- 16 | O. Sure.

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- When you worked in the Workforcel centers, did you ever instruct employees to report false job placements?
- 19 A. Yes, but not in those verbatim terms, but, yes.
- 20 Q. Can you explain how you gave those instructions.
- A. Sure. I told them that we needed to secure placements by
 any means necessary. So any, any job seeker that walked
 through our center that went through our intake program, our
 intake team, I would collect CIFs, and so those were from
- 25 candidates that were currently working.

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I've deployed staff to new hire orientations, to 1 employers such as T.J. Maxx, Century 21, Ricky's. So any high 2 3 volume employers I would send, send our recruiters with CIFs to 4 these events, with the goal that they would come back with 5 those CIFs completed so we can enter those into our Work 6 Sourcel System as a placement even though we really didn't do 7 much work to secure that placement. So to answer your question, I didn't say verbatim go 8 9 get me improper placements, "get me placements" meant 10

legitimate placements and illegitimate placements. We needed numbers, and that was always the goal.

I will ask you a few questions about --

THE COURT: Is there anything in that, this document, Exhibit 2, that reflects this?

THE WITNESS: No.

BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:

- Q. Mr. Katz, a couple of questions about some of the terminology that you used. First, what is intake?
- A. When intake candidates come through for the first time through our center, they are given orientation from our intake staff. So those are generally the first staff members of the Workforcel Center that new candidates would meet if they were coming in off the street.
- 24 Ο. Did you oversee the intake team?
 - I did not. Α.

- 1 \mathbb{Q} . What is a CIF?
- 2 A. It is a Customer Information Form.
- 3 | Q. Can you turn to Tab 57 which is actually in the second
- 4 | binder there.
- 5 | A. Okay.
- 6 Q. Mr. Katz, do you know what this document is?
- 7 A. Yes, it is a Customer Information Form, CIF.
- 8 | Q. Is this the type of document that you referred to in your
- 9 | last answer?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Did you become familiar with documents like these when you
- 12 | worked at SEEDCO?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Who entered the handwriting on these types of documents?
- 15 \parallel A. The job seekers.
- 16 | Q. Were documents like this regularly collected as part of
- 17 | SEEDCO's business?
- 18 A. It was, yes.
- 19 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the United States
- 20 offers Government Exhibit 57 into evidence.
- 21 MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Received.
- 23 (Government Exhibit 57 received in evidence)
- 24 THE COURT: You may publish Exhibit 57 to the jury.
- 25 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:

Q. I'll also have you look at -- pardon me -- yes, I'll have you look at Tab 65, please.

THE COURT: Why don't you explain 57 so the jury understands it.

MS. SCHOENBERGER: Yes, your Honor.

BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:

- Q. When would a job seeker fill out a CIF like this one?
- A. They'd fill this out when they came through our Workforcel Career Center or when they met, when they met members of the team. If they weren't registered in the workforce, in a Workforcel system, they were handed a Customer Information

12 Form.

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- So they have been through our intake team, it could have been through our recruitment placement team, career advisers and were really connected within the center, can ideally give Customer Information Forms to new candidates, but it was the majority of intake staff and recruitment placement staff.
- Q. Can you tell the jury what the first two sections of this form ask from a job seeker.
- A. Sure. The first section is just basic candidate information, name, address, number, e-mail.
- Section 2, is their education, highest level of education, whether they're enrolled in school, like a job application essentially.

F4FJUSA3

- 1 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Mr. Solomon, would you please 2 expand the Part C of the form.
- 3 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- 4 Q. Mr. Katz, what type of information does Part C of this
- 5 provide?
- 6 A. Current employment status.
- 7 Q. If you can turn to the second page of the CIF. How many
- 8 pages long are these forms?
- 9 A. Two pages, generally front and back.
- 10 | Q. Do you see Section D of the form?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. What type of information is sought in Section D?
- 13 A. Work history.
- 14 | Q. What type of information about work history is asked for?
- 15 | A. Their working past or are they currently looking, what
- 16 types of positions have they worked in the past.
- 17 | Q. If you can take a look at the very last section of this
- 18 form, Section E. What is the purpose of this section of the
- 19 | form?
- 20 A. This is a verification information that the job seeker
- 21 | would sign off and date.
- 22 | Q. Do you know what that date signifies?
- 23 A. The date, that day that they signed the document and
- 24 completed the form.
- 25 | Q. I'll now have you take a look at the document behind Tab

- 1 | 65. Do you know what this document is?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. What is this document?
- $4 \parallel A$. This is a CIF.
- 5 Q. Is this different than the CIF in the previous Exhibit 57?
- 6 A. No. It is the same.
 - Q. Does it contain different information?
- 8 | A. Yes.

- 9 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers
- 10 Exhibit 65 into evidence.
- 11 MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.
- 12 THE COURT: Received.
- 13 (Government Exhibit 65 received in evidence)
- 14 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- 15 Q. Can you please take a look at the document behind Tab 66.
- 16 | What is this document?
- 17 A. It is also a CIF.
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers
- 19 Exhibit 66 into evidence.
- 20 MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Received.
- 22 (Government Exhibit 66 received in evidence)
- 23 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- Q. And one more, if you can take a look behind Exhibit Tab 67,
- 25 Government Exhibit 67, what is this document?

- 1 \parallel A. It is a CIF.
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: The government offers Exhibit 67
- 3 | into evidence.
- 4 MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.
 - (Pause)
- 6 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Is this exhibit received, your
- 7 Honor?

- 8 | THE COURT: Received.
- 9 (Government Exhibit 67 received in evidence)
- 10 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- 11 | Q. During your time at the Workforcel Center, did you become
- 12 | familiar with the term CIF'g?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. What is CIF'g referring to?
- 15 A. Candidates, having candidates complete CIF forms.
- 16 | Q. For what purpose?
- 17 A. To enroll them into our center with the overall goal of
- 18 | placement. That was always the goal why you would CIF someone.
- 19 | Q. Were you CIF'q people that received SEEDCO services?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. Earlier you referred to new hire orientations. Is that
- 22 || right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 Q. What is a new hire orientation?
- 25 A. Employers would conduct an intro of their employment to a

- new hire, to a new employee of their organization, they would attend an orientation to go over the policies and the
- Q. What role did new hire orientations have in generating placements?
- A. We would send account managers to these orientations
 because the understanding was that anyone that was invited, or
 a job seeker that attended these new hire orientations were
 hired through the employer. So we have a new hire orientation
 that may have 50 individuals that attend, the goal is to CIF
 folks that you may not have met in the past in your career
 center.
- 13 Q. Were those people then counted as placements?
- 14 A. Yes.

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positions.

- 15 | Q. Had SEEDCO helped get them those jobs?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. Did you know that at the time?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. Did the recruiters that you sent to those orientations know that at the time?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- Q. How many times was this done when you worked in Workforce1
- 23 | career centers?
- 24 A. As many times as we could. I couldn't put a number on it.
- 25 | It would really depend on if we managed those accounts, if we

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- managed the relationship, so it really depended, but as much as
 we can attend those, we attended.
 - Q. How many different employees did you send to new hire orientations to gather CIFs?
 - A. One, maybe two at the most.
- 6 Q. Was that per orientation session or total?
- A. Just in general, two events -- well, to orientation, one to two. It would be the person that managed the account and like an operations assistant could accompany them to help with the
- 10 CIF collection and completion.
- Q. Was there anyone on your team that you didn't send at one time or another to one of these new hire orientations to gather
- 13 CIFs?
- 14 A. No, no. Irwin Trademan.
- Q. Over the course of your little over two years at SEEDCO, how many different people were on your team?
- A. 14 at the max, 14 were the recruitment placement account
 managers, the business development account managers, the
 community-based organization supervisor reported up to me and
- 20 three operations assistants.
- Q. Does that number refer to the size of your team at one time or the total number of employees that you supervised over your
- 23 | time at -- over the course of your time at SEEDCO?
- A. No. That was at full capacity at one time. I have managed more than that in the Bronx and Upper Manhattan.

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F4FJUSA3
                                 Katz - direct
          Can you tell me about how many total?
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          Just different folks that I've managed. Total?
      Α.
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      Q. Correct.
     A. 20, 25.
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                (Continued on next page)
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Katz - direct

- 1 Of those 25, how many did you send to new-hire orientations 2 to gather CIFs?
- 3 I managed 25, 22. Α.
- I believe you mentioned that you worked with an intake team 4 Q. 5 to generate placements, is that right?
- 6 Α. Yes.

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- How did that work?
- 8 I would go to the intake area and collect CIFs, would have 9 the intake team or specifically the intake supervisor pull CIFs 10 or hold them to the side of individuals that were currently working so I can collect them.
- 12 When you say currently working, what do you mean?
- 13 Candidates that come to the Workforcel Center and they were Α. currently employed in a job. 14
 - Did you or your team count those as placements? Q.
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 How was that done? Ο.
- 18 Our operations assistant would enter the employee or the 19 candidate information into the Worksource system, but would 20 omit the current job that the employee was working at that
- 21 moment, with the goal to go back in -- I don't know when, a
- 22 couple of days later or whatever -- to enter placement
- 23 information in so we can count it as an indirect placement.
- 24 Was the information about current employment changed at all
- 25 in order to be counted as a placement?

Katz - direct

- A. Well, it was not entered in when they entered the new customer information in, but the start date would change.
 - Q. What do you mean that it would change?
 - A. For us to count it as a placement that we gave them a service, we reengaged them or we didn't reengage them, but you would have to enter the date, the start date after the day they came in the Workforcel Career Center.

So, in this example, if this person came in and signed the CIF on March 22, 2011 and they were currently working, we couldn't enter their start date, like for this person,

August -- I don't know what that says, but it says like August 2007. They put 2007. Obviously we did not help them secure that position. So the goal was, you came in, you got the service through us, and then you went out on your own and got this position, but your start date doesn't reflect what your actual start date was.

- Q. Other than working with intake to get CIFs and going to new-hire orientations, were there any other practices that you used in order to generate placements during your time at SEEDCO?
- A. Yes. We had access to résumé search through Career Builder and I believe Monster.

So one of the tools to -- the résumé search through

Career Builder and entering the upper Manhattan Workforcel zip

code and do a search in a 25-mile radius to folks that may be

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

currently employed with the goal that they have somehow been
into our center. At some point, we can say, oh, OK, let me

print out Mike Smith's résumé. He's currently working. Mike

Smith's been here. He lives in this area. He is currently

- working wherever. We can enter that placement in as we've, you
- 6 know, kind of like we have engaged the person.
- 7 Q. Was this ever done for anyone that did not come into SEEDCO 8 for services?
 - A. I believe so, yes.

some points.

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- Q. Any other practices besides the ones you've talked about that were used to generate placements?
 - A. We have had a working relationship with Business Solution

 Center, that was also operated by SEEDCO. They had different

 targets and metrics that they had to meet, such as business

 development, helping small businesses, but also part of their

 metric was also developing positions for the recruitment and

 placement team that I managed to send candidates to. So we

 worked with them as well to, you know, bring placements back at
 - Q. Were those placements for people that SEEDCO had actually helped get jobs?
 - A. No. Some of them -- if I could backtrack, yes, some of them. But there were also folks that we've never seen that would have been sprinkled in.
 - Q. Of the number of placements that your team entered into

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Katz - direct

- Worksourcel, do you have an understanding of how many of them 1 were placements for people that SEEDCO had actually helped 2 3 versus placements for people that SEEDCO had not helped?
 - I'm not sure what the breakdown was. Α.
- Q. Do you know how frequently you or members of your team entered placements for people that had not received services at 7 SEEDCO?
 - A. Often. It was part of getting the number. So whether it was legitimate entry of referrals or capturing legitimate placements versus, you know, any of these practices I mentioned, those were just common to make sure that we had the high volume to meet our goals. So frequent I would say.
- 13 Q. Mr. Katz, did you try to hide any of the practices that
- 14 your team used to generate placements?
- 15 Α. No.
- Did you discuss them at work? 16 0.
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 Ο. With whom?
- 19 Just with -- outward with everyone. Just everyone within 20 the center, within meetings, whether it was providing 21 updates -- I may not have used the word improper placements, 22 but orientation meant legitimate and high volume. So it was
- 24 Who would participate in the meetings that you are 25 referencing?

common, just open speak within the center.

Katz - direct

A. We had weekly center-wide meetings. Everyone at some point during the week participated in these meetings. It consisted with every day meeting the recruitment and placement team every single day for update. Once a week we had a management meeting, so internally SEEDCO managers in the Workforcel Center met. I met with the business solutions centers, with their management and our management attending as well. SBS meetings. Towards the end of my tenure those were much more frequent. So almost every day there was some sort of communication of updates.

Q. At the time that you discussed the practices that you are talking about, did you have an expectation as to whether the people you were talking to would understand whether you were talking about legitimate or illegitimate job placements?

A. It is just focused on numbers. So whether they were -- you know, whether I meant, you know, illegitimate or legitimate, just my communication was how to get the high-volume number.

So, at some points, of course, you know, it was just normal speak within the center of going to the intake team and outward -- you know, we are open floor plan -- saying, "Ana, I went to the intake team and I have 15 CIFs that were collected for the last couple of days. Enter these in."

So I wasn't exactly discreet.

Q. Who is Ana?

F4enusa1

A. Ana was an operations assistant, an admin within the

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

- 1 recruitment placement team.
- 2 | Q. Was she a part of the intake team?
- A. No, not when I got there. I believe she worked as part of
- 4 | that team prior to my arrival at some point.
- 5 Q. Would there be any reason for Ana to have CIFs from the
- 6 | intake team?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. What was that reason?
- 9 A. Well, for her to enter the placements. She was really our
- 10 go-to admin when it came to the administrative piece of
- 11 entering placements into Worksource. She knew the system
- 12 really well.
- 13 | Q. Can we turn back to Exhibit 57 and take a look at those two
- 14 pages. Again, is this a customer information form, or a CIF?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Is there anything on this form that asks for a placement
- 17 | made by SEEDCO?
- 18 | A. No.
- 19 Q. Mr. Katz, can you please turn to tab 10. This is
- 20 Government's Exhibit 10.
- 21 Do you know what this document is?
- 22 A. It is an e-mail, yes.
- 23 | Q. Was this an e-mail that you participated in?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Did you participate in it as part of your job as SEEDCO in

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

- 1 2010?
- 2 A. Yes.
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers
- 4 Government's Exhibit 10 into evidence.
- 5 MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.
- 6 THE COURT: Received.
- 7 (Government's Exhibit 10 received in evidence)
- Q. Mr. Katz, did you send the top e-mail on this page with the
- 9 | subject line, "Indirect Placements CIF"?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Who did you send it to?
- 12 A. The top e-mail to Anna Marchany and Giselle Rodriguez.
- 13 | Q. And who are Anna Marchany and Giselle Rodriguez?
- 14 A. They are both operations assistants on our team.
- 15 | Q. Did you send the e-mail at the bottom of this page, which
- 16 | is dated April 13, 2010?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. Who did you send this e-mail to?
- 19 A. To Monique Tarry.
- 20 | Q. Was Monique Tarry a SEEDCO employee?
- 21 \parallel A. She was.
- 22 | Q. What was her role?
- 23 A. At this time she was the intake coordinator, supervisor.
- 24 | Q. Can you please read your e-mail to Monique.
- 25 A. Sure.

you have any questions.

placement for us.

Q. "Hi, Monique. A gentle reminder to let the team know that if they see anyone that is currently working they can give the CIF to Ana to enter as an indirect placement. We shouldn't enter the CIF into Worksource, as we cannot capture the placement once the work history is inputted. Let me know if

"Thanks to you and your team for your efforts.
"Alan."

- Q. Can you explain what you meant by this e-mail.
- A. Yes. I didn't want her team to enter CIFs into Worksource of folks that were currently working. I wanted them to put it to the side so Ana can enter the placement so she would -- so Ana can enter the CIF and a couple of days later enter a
- Q. Was it part of the job of Monique Tarry's team to enter information from CIFs into Worksourcel?
- 17 | A. Yes.

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- 18 Q. Were you asking her team not to do their job?
- A. I was asking -- yes, I was asking them to put CIFs that we could potentially get placements for, so, yes.
 - Q. Why wouldn't you capture the placement once the work history is inputted?
- A. Because if it's already inputted, and the date, the date that they started is before the date that they sign their CIF, we couldn't capture any direct placement.

Katz - direct

- Q. Can you take a look at Ms. Tarry's response to you, which is the next e-mail up?
- THE COURT: Number? It's part of 10?
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: It is Exhibit 10, yes, your Honor, the second e-mail on the page.
 - Q. Can you read the first two sentences of Ms. Tarry's e-mail to the jury.
 - A. "Hi, Alan.

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- "I spoke to Ana and Giselle about this. As far as I know, there were only a few EIF's submitted where staff forgot to not enter work history. I also spoke to my team to reinforce that they do not add work history for indirect placements."
- 14 Q. What is an EIF? Do you know what an EIF is?
- 15 | A. I do.
- 16 \mid 0. What is an EIF?
- 17 A. I am not exactly sure what the acronym -- but it is a form
 18 that we completed once we found out that candidates were
- placed. We would complete this EIF form with the placement information.
- - 21 | Q. Typically would an EIF be filled out before or after a CIF?
 - 22 | A. After.
- THE COURT: The customer fills out the CIF? Is that right?
- 25 THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

1	THE COURT: And the staff fills out the EIF, is it?			
2	THE WITNESS: Correct, yes.			
3	THE COURT: And then the information flows to where?			
4	THE WITNESS: The information flows into the			
5	Worksource system, into our			
6	THE COURT: A report that captures that?			
7	THE WITNESS: Yes.			
8	THE COURT: What is that called?			
9	THE WITNESS: Worksourcel report, placement report.			
10	There are many different reports that we can run.			
11	THE COURT: We saw a job placement report earlier, GX			
12	7 I think, Exhibit 7.			
13	I'm just trying to let the jury understand the flow.			
14	So it starts with the customer filling out something,			
15	and then the staff fills out something, the EIF. The			
16	information flows into a job placement report. Is that			
17	generally how it goes?			
18	THE WITNESS: That's correct.			
19	Q. At the time that you had this e-mail exchange with			
20	Ms. Tarry, did you have a view as to whether it was important			
21	that work history not be entered for indirect placements?			
22	A. It was extremely important, yes.			
23	Q. Why was that?			
24	A. We wouldn't be able to capture a placement if the work			
25	history was already entered into the Worksourcel system.			

- 1 \parallel Q. And was that a true placement or a false placement?
- 2 A. It was a false placement.
- 3 | Q. Do you know who was on Ms. Tarry's team that she says that
- 4 | she spoke to about this?
- 5 A. I don't remember the name. Israel Polanco maybe was on her
- 6 | team. I can't recall the names.
- 7 | Q. Do you remember how many people were on Ms. Tarry's team?
- 8 A. Five maybe.
- 9 Q. Do you know who Ms. Tarry reported to?
- 10 A. I believe she reported -- yes.
- 11 | Q. Who did she report to?
- 12 A. I believe she reported to Rick Green.
- 13 Q. Who did Rick Green report to?
- 14 A. To Alex.
- 15 | Q. What was Rick green's role at the time that Ms. Tarry
- 16 reported to him?
- 17 A. He was the deputy director of the upper Manhattan
- 18 | Workforce1 center.
- 19 Q. Were there any managers in the hierarchy between the deputy
- 20 director, Rick Green, and the director, Alex Saavedra?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. Did you forward your e-mail exchange with Monique Tarry to
- 23 Ana Marchany and Giselle Rodriguez?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Why did you do that?

Katz - direct

- Just to give them a heads-up, just to give them the 1 heads-up that the conversation was had for the intake team to 2 3 put the work history CIFs to the side.
 - Can you please turn to tab 6. Q.

5 THE COURT: How are you doing members of the jury? Still awake? 6

> MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, this is a fine --THE COURT: Do you want to water. Slog through? Keep going.

- Mr. Katz, if you can look at what's been marked as Government's Exhibit 6. Do you know what this document is?
- 12 Α. Yes.

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- 13 What is this document? 0.
- 14 This is an e-mail. Α.
- 15 Q. Did you send this e-mail?
- Just me. I was in the wrong exhibit. Excuse me. 16 Α.
- 17 Pardon me. Exhibit 6. Ο.
- 18 Α. Yes.
- 19 I will just start again. What is Exhibit 6? Q.
- 20 It is an e-mail. Α.
- 21 And did you participate in this e-mail?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 Did you participate in this e-mail as part of your job at
- 24 SEEDCO in 2010?
- 25 Α. Yes.

F4enusal Katz - direct

MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers Government Exhibit 6 into evidence.

MR. FUTERFAS: No objection.

THE COURT: Received.

(Government's Exhibit 6 received in evidence)

- Q. Mr. Katz, did you send the e-mail at the top of the page with the subject line, "Need More Indirect Placements" with three exclamation points?
- A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Can you please read your e-mail to the jury starting with "This e-mail serves"?
- A. Sure.

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"This e-mail serves as a reminder to continue to collect indirect placement. If you have résumés in your area or receive résumés from customers, please check to see if the customer is currently working, which should be noted as 'present' on the résumé. We've been hitting the green light on a weekly basis due to your assistance so it is greatly appreciated. Let me know if you have any questions.

"Thanks.

"Alan."

- Q. Can you please explain what you meant regarding résumés in this e-mail?
- A. Sure. If they had regular résumés in their area, they were instructed to check the most current position, generally in the

- 1 top of résumé, to make sure there was no end date to that
- 2 | employer. If they were currently working, it should say
- 3 present, and they should put that to the side so we can enter
- 4 and figure out how to enter that in for a placement. So that's
- 5 an indirect as well.
- 6 Q. Would that refer to a placement that SEEDCO had assisted a
- 7 | job seeker in obtaining?
- 8 | A. No.
- 9 Q. Who did you send this e-mail to?
- 10 A. To the whole center in upper Manhattan.
- 11 | Q. And would that have included Alex Saavedra?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. Did you have any concerns about including Mr. Saavedra on
- 14 | an e-mail that discussed a practice that resulted in false
- 15 | placement?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. Why not?
- 18 A. It just wasn't thinking about as -- my focus was how we
- 19 | were going to stay out of a yellow light or below. I just
- 20 cared about our numbers.
- 21 | Q. Do you recall whether Mr. Saavedra responded to this
- 22 | e-mail?
- 23 A. I don't recall.
- 24 | Q. Do you recall whether he ever asked you any questions about
- 25 | this e-mail?

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

- 1 A. No.
- 2 | Q. Can you please turn to Exhibit 8. That is behind tab 8.
- 3 Do you know what this document is?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | 0. What is this document?
- 6 A. It is an e-mail regarding indirect placements.
- 7 | Q. Is this an e-mail that you participated in?
- 8 A. I was on the e-mail, so yes.
- 9 Q. Was it sent to you?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Was it sent to you as part of your job at SEEDCO in 2011?
- 12 A. Yes.
- MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the United States
- 14 offers Government's Exhibit 8 into evidence.
- MR. FUTERFAS: No objection, your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: Received.
- 17 (Government's Exhibit 8 received in evidence)
- 18 Q. What is the subject of this e-mail, Mr. Katz?
- 19 A. Indirect placements for Ana.
- 20 | Q. Can you please look at the second e-mail in this string.
- 21 | That's the line in the middle of the page.
- Do you know who sent this e-mail?
- 23 A. Tage Chandarpaul.
- Q. Do you know what her role was at the time?
- 25 A. She was the deputy director in the Bronx.

- 1 | Q. Who was the director in the Bronx at that time?
- $2 \parallel A$. Alex.
- 3 | Q. And who did Ms. Chandarpaul address her e-mail to?
- 4 A. She addressed it to Deborah Stephenson, who is the intake
- 5 coordinator in the Bronx, she addressed it to myself, and to
- 6 Ana Marchany.
- 7 | Q. Did Ms. Stephenson's role differ from Ms. Tarry's?
- 8 | A. No.
- 9 Q. Were they intake coordinators at the same career center?
- 10 A. No. Deborah was the intake coordinator in the Bronx.
- 11 | Monique in 2010 was the intake coordinator in upper Manhattan.
- 12 | Q. Do you know who Ms. Stephenson reported to?
- 13 A. I am not exactly sure, but it could have been Tage
- 14 Chandarpaul.
- 15 Q. Can you please read Ms. Chandarpaul's e-mail to
- 16 Ms. Stephenson to the jury.
- 17 | A. Sure.
- 18 "Hi, Deborah.
- 19 We are unable to enter the placement info for the
- 20 | indirects today. You have to let you staff know not to enter
- 21 any CIFs for customers that are working. Leave them for Ana to
- 22 | enter. If we do not follow this process, the indirect will not
- 23 be counted."
- 24 | Q. Do you have an understanding as to what Ms. Chandarpaul
- 25 | meant by her e-mail?

F4enusal Katz - direct

1 | A. Yes.

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- Q. What was your understanding?
- 3 A. That they should not enter work history of folks who came
- 4 | in for the first time currently working into Worksource. They
- 5 should put those to the side for Ana Marchany to enter.
 - Q. Would those placements be true placements or false
- 7 placements?
- 8 A. False placements.
 - THE COURT: Let me ask you something. You mentioned direct placements and indirect placements.
- 11 What are direct placements.
 - THE WITNESS: Direct placements, recruitment and placement team interviewed candidates, they interviewed job seekers in the center and they send them, they refer them to employers such as T.J. Maxx. I meet someone in the center, I feel they are the right fit for the position, I send them to an employer for the interview. They interview with the employer, and they secure the job.
 - THE COURT: That goes to satisfaction of your target?
- 20 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 21 THE COURT: How long does a person have to work in 22 order to satisfy your target?
- Suppose he comes in for a day and doesn't show up the next day? Does that count?
- 25 | THE WITNESS: If they secured the job and didn't show,

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      it shouldn't count.
               THE COURT: It should not count?
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               THE WITNESS: It should not count.
 4
               THE COURT: But, normally speaking, when you place
      somebody and he goes to work, it counts?
 5
 6
               THE WITNESS: Correct.
 7
               THE COURT: That is a direct placement?
 8
               THE WITNESS: Yes.
9
               THE COURT: What is an indirect placement?
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               THE WITNESS: It's job seekers that came in to our
11
      center that we meet with, maybe we didn't refer them to T.J.
12
     Maxx but we gave them some, you know, some advice on how to
13
      interview, how to reword their résumé, and then they found a
14
      job on their own. They left the center, and they -- you know,
15
      this person went down the street to Checkers, you know, the
      fast food place. They interviewed, they did really well on the
16
17
      interview, and they got the job on their own, without us
18
      referring them. So we --
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               THE COURT: Those indirect placements go to satisfying
20
      your targets?
21
               THE WITNESS: Yes.
22
               THE COURT: It makes no difference whether it's direct
23
      or indirect?
24
               THE WITNESS: For the overall target, correct.
25
               THE COURT: So what makes for an indirect placement?
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Katz - direct

How much effort do you have to go through? 1 THE WITNESS: We've had to touch them at some point 2 3 within the center. How much effort --4 THE COURT: Suppose they fill out the form and they 5 disappear and then you find out a month later they have a job? Do you count it? 6 7 THE WITNESS: And they came through our center? THE COURT: They dropped in, they filled out a form 8 9 and they left. That is all you know. They end up having a 10 job. Is that an indirect placement? 11 THE WITNESS: It's an indirect placement. 12 THE COURT: So anything you touch, the person gets a 13 job, it goes to satisfying your targets? 14 THE WITNESS: Anything we touch. THE COURT: You define it. 15 THE WITNESS: Yes. So if we have the conversation 16 17 with them and they found the job on their own, yes, we would 18 count that as an indirect placement and that applied to our 19 target. 20 In my orientation team if I sent one of my staff 21 members to a new-hire orientation, we touched the person 22 saying, "Here fill this CIF out. I met you for the first time, fill the CIF out." 23 24 If it doesn't work out here, the message was you can 25 always come to our center and we have plenty of opportunities.

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

You are working right now in that orientation. We 1 didn't touch you. In your example, we touched them by speaking 2 3 with them for a couple of minutes to make them aware of us, but that is not an indirect placement -- that is an indirect 4 5 placement that we --6 THE COURT: It goes to satisfy the targets? 7 THE WITNESS: Right. THE COURT: So if the person is working already, even 8 9 though you may process some claim from him, you can't count it? 10 THE WITNESS: Right. Exactly. 11 So in the work history example, yes, they came in for 12 the very first time, but they are already employed. Maybe they 13 are not happy with their job, we don't know, but they're 14 already employed, we met them for the first time, that should 15 not apply to our placement target. THE COURT: If you introduce them to some other 16 17 employer and they go to the other employer, you can count them. 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. 19 THE COURT: But if he doesn't change his job, you 20 can't count him, is that right? 21 THE WITNESS: Correct. Exactly right. 22 THE COURT: Are is there any other categories that I 23 missed, Ms. Schoenberger? 24 MS. SCHOENBERGER: I don't believe so, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK.

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

- 1 BY MS. SCHOENBERGER:
- 2 Q. Just to finish up with looking at Exhibit 8 here, Mr. Katz.
- 3 Did Ms. Stephenson respond to Tage Chandarpaul's e-mail?
- 4 A. She did, yes.
- 5 Q. What did she say?
- 6 A. She just typed, "Done."
- 7 Q. Do you know how many people were on Ms. Stephenson's staff
- 8 | at this time?
- 9 A. About six, seven. The intake folks also oversaw like the
- 10 | front desk staff as well. So, yeah, six, seven.
- 11 | Q. And as of the date of this e-mail, January 19, 2011, where
- 12 were you located?
- 13 | A. I was in the Bronx:
- 14 | Q. And where was Ms. Chandarpaul located?
- 15 A. She was in the Bronx.
- 16 Q. And where was Ms. Stephenson and her team located?
- 17 A. In the Bronx.
- 18 Q. Who was the director of the Bronx center at that time?
- 19 | A. Alex.
- 20 Q. Can you turn to Exhibit 1, please, under tab 1. What is
- 21 | this document, Mr. Katz?
- 22 \parallel A. It is an e-mail.
- 23 \parallel Q. And was this an e-mail sent during your time that you
- 24 | worked at SEEDCO?
- 25 A. Yes.

Katz - direct

- 1 | Q. It was sent within SEEDCO?
 - A. Yes.

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- MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers Government's Exhibit 1 into evidence.
 - MR. FUTERFAS: Without objection, your Honor.
- 6 THE COURT: Received.
- 7 (Government's Exhibit 1 received in evidence).
 - Q. Mr. Katz, can you please take a look at the e-mail at the bottom of this page and tell us who it is from.
- 10 A. From Irwin Traydman.
- 11 | Q. Who is Irwin Traydman?
- 12 A. He was operations assistant in upper Manhattan.
- 13 | Q. Who was this e-mail sent to.
- 14 A. It was sent to the upper Manhattan Workforcel.
- 15 | Q. Can you please read the first two sentences of
- 16 Mr. Traydman's e-mail.
- 17 | A. Sure.
- "This is just a friendly reminder that if you come
 across any customers who are employed, please capture their
 placement information and bring it over to me. We are
 currently at 164 total placements. We need to be at 441
 placements by the end of the month to achieve a green light for
- 23 January."
- Q. What were Mr. Traydman's responsibilities as an operations
- 25 assistant, if you know?

Katz - direct

A. When I first started, he was more of a phone banker. He
was the reengagement person who would, you know, reach out to
folks based on reports of people that had been into the center.

Then his responsibilities increased with -- when SEEDCO
operated the Bronx center. Ana came to the Bronx, so Irwin

stayed in upper Manhattan in the same responsibilities as Ana.

- Q. Did Mr. Saavedra respond to Mr. Traydman's e-mail?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Is that the e-mail at the top of this page?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Can you please read Mr. Saavedra's response to the jury?
- 12 A. "Thanks, Irwin.
 - "I would like to emphasize that it is important to be at par with the rest of the system. We're also digging in here in the Bronx to capture as many placements as possible."
- 16 | O. Who was this e-mail sent to?
- A. It was sent to the Workforcel Career Center in upper

 Manhattan. I'm not sure if it was also to the Bronx, but also

 copying his manager.
 - Q. Who was Alex's manager?
- 21 A. Francine Delgado.
- 22 | Q. Did Ms. Delgado work in a Workforcel Career Center?
- 23 A. No, she didn't work in the center.
- 24 | Q. Where did she work?
- 25 A. She worked at SEEDCO headquarters.

Katz - direct

- Where was SEEDCO headquarters located? 1
- 19th street, Flatiron District, in that vicinity. 2 Α.
- 3 Was that outside of the Workforcel Center? 0.
- Α. Yes. 4
- 5 Can you please turn to tab 71 -- sorry. That is in the second binder there. 6
- 7 Mr. Katz, what is the document that's been marked as Government's Exhibit 71. 8
- 9 It is an e-mail. Α.
- 10 Did you participate in this e-mail? Q.
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 Was that as part of your job at SEEDCO in 2011?
- 13 Α. Yes.
- 14 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, the government offers Government Exhibit 71 into evidence. 15
- 16 MR. FUTERFAS: Without objection.
- 17 THE COURT: Received.
- (Government's Exhibit 71 received in evidence) 18
- 19 If you could look at the e-mail that is in the center of 20 the page, the middle of the string from Tage Chandarpaul,
- 21 please.
- 22 What was Ms. Chandarpaul's role at this time?
- 23 She was the deputy director of the Workforcel Center in the 24
- Bronx.
- 25 At this time, April 2011, do you know who the director of

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

- 1 | the Bronx was?
- 2 A. It was Alex, yes.
- 3 | Q. Can you please read Ms. Chandarpaul's e-mail to the jury?
- 4 A. "Hey, guys. What is our plan for this week to ensure we do
- 5 | not get a red light? We're behind everyone."
- 6 Q. Would it have been unusual for Ms. Chandarpaul to check in
- 7 on your plan for getting placements?
- 8 A. No, it wouldn't be unusual.
- 9 Q. How frequently would you receive that kind of check-in?
- 10 A. Frequently, whether it was e-mail or verbally or in
- 11 passing.
- 12 | Q. Did you respond to Ms. Chandarpaul's e-mail?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. How soon after she sent her e-mail.
- 15 A. Seven minutes.
- 16 Q. Can you please read the first point on your e-mail.
- 17 A. Tage, the team is following up on all referrals.
- 18 | Q. What does that refer to?
- 19 | A. Following up with employees or candidates that we referred
- 20 | to jobs.
- 21 | Q. What would be the result of such follow-up?
- 22 | A. It would result in direct placements.
- 23 | Q. Would that be a true or false placement?
- 24 | A. A true.
- 25 | Q. Can you please read the second point on your e-mail.

25

working.

Katz - direct

"We've implemented a system in that the career coaches are 1 Α. 2 attending our recruitment events and directing all working 3 candidates to their colleagues for services. They're going to 4 enter all of the CIFs into Worksource, and we'll capture the 5 placement." 6 Can you explain what you meant by this point in your 7 e-mail? 8 A. Yes. One second. Yes. Our career coaches were looking 9 out for CIFs that had employees or candidates, excuse me, that 10 were working, and they would be referred within the center so 11 we can get the placement. 12 Would that refer to a true placement or a false placement? 13 A false placement. Α. 14 THE COURT: Let's look at its terms. 15 The career coaches, who were they? THE WITNESS: They were individuals within the center 16 17 who assisted with résumé workshops. 18 THE COURT: Employees of SEEDCO? 19 THE WITNESS: Yes. 20 THE COURT: So these coaches are coaching somebody. 21 They are going to recruitment events and directing working 22 candidates. 23 What do you mean by working candidates? 24 THE WITNESS: To candidates that were currently

F4enusa1 Katz - direct 1 THE COURT: That had jobs? 2 THE WITNESS: That had jobs, correct. 3 THE COURT: And these career coaches are directing 4 these people who are working to their colleagues. 5 Who are the colleagues? 6 THE WITNESS: They are colleagues, the recruitment and 7 placement team to the other career coaches within the center for their types of services. 8 9 THE COURT: All employed at SEEDCO? 10 THE WITNESS: Yes, correct. 11 THE COURT: And giving more services to these working 12 candidates? 13 THE WITNESS: Correct. 14 THE COURT: Then it goes on to say, "They're going to 15 enter" --16 Who is they? 17 THE WITNESS: It would be my team, Ana. 18 THE COURT: Employees of SEEDCO? 19 THE WITNESS: Employees of SEEDCO, yes. 20 THE COURT: "All the CIFs." 21 Whose CIFs are they, the working candidates? 22 THE WITNESS: Yes. 23 THE COURT: So each of the people who are working on

some other job already are filling out CIFs that go into the

SEEDCO system. Is that what is going on?

24

F4enusa1 Katz - direct 1 THE WITNESS: Correct. THE COURT: And the CIFs, "are they being entered into 2 3 the WS?" What is the WS? 4 THE WITNESS: Worksource. 5 THE COURT: Is that a report of some kind? THE WITNESS: That's the system that we used within 6 7 the all the Workforcel Centers to enter candidate information, job seeker or anyone that came through the doors for services. 8 9 THE COURT: Only working candidates or? 10 THE WITNESS: Everyone. 11 THE COURT: Everybody? 12 THE WITNESS: Yes. 13 THE COURT: Everybody for whom you are looking for 14 credit? THE WITNESS: Yes. 15 That's always the call, yes. THE COURT: "And we will capture the placement," 16 17 meaning SEEDCO will capture the placement, is that right? 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: What does it mean, capture the placement? 19 20 THE WITNESS: We will enter the placement.

THE COURT: And count it as progress towards the goal set by the SBS?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

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THE COURT: Regardless of whether the person is getting a new job or staying in his old job? Is that what you

Case 1:11-cv-06425-AKH Document 181 Filed 06/16/15 Page 84 of 108 84 F4enusa1 Katz - direct mean. THE WITNESS: That's what I mean. Correct, yes. BY THE COURT: Q. Mr. Katz, who besides SEEDCO employees had access to the Worksourcel system? THE COURT: Louder. Don't let your voice drop. Who besides SEEDCO had -- SEEDCO employees had access to the Workforcel system? The Department of Small Business Services, SBS. Α. Can you take a look at the third point on your e-mail? Ο. THE COURT: What do you mean by that? I don't understand that question. Let me get the question. Who besides SEEDCO had access to the Workforcel system? MS. SCHOENBERGER: Pardon me. The Worksourcel system. THE COURT: What? MS. SCHOENBERGER: The Worksource computer system. THE COURT: The WS that you referred to? MS. SCHOENBERGER: Correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: You said the SBS?

THE WITNESS: Had access to WS, yes.

THE COURT: How did they have access to that?

THE WITNESS: They can view metrics, placement totals through each enter, through each center that they oversaw the

25 referrals --

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Katz - direct

THE COURT: If you capture information in the WS system, based on a CIF filled out by somebody who already was working, does the system make a distinction between that person who is already working and someone who is going to get a new job?

THE WITNESS: Yes, yes. Because the date, the date that they started their job is entered into the Worksource system from the CIF. So essentially everything that they include on the CIF, including their current job, legitimately is entered into the Worksourcel system with their current employer, the day they started that job.

THE COURT: But nobody will know from that whether it's a job that you got or a job they already had, is that right?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: Proceed.

When you ask questions try to keep the same terms of reference as in the document that you're working with.

MS. SCHOENBERGER: Yes, your Honor.

- Q. Mr. Katz, if could you read the third point in your e-mail to the jury.
- A. "Intake is giving all CIFs to us."
- 23 | Q. How does intake giving all CIFs to us respond to
- 24 Ms. Chandarpaul's question of how you are going to ensure that
- 25 you don't get a red light?

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:4enusa1	Katz -	direct

Because those folks that we get from intake that are 1 currently working, we're going to -- you know, we hope that all 2 3 of them that came in are currently working, so we can enter it 4 in as an indirect placement at some point. 5 Did you send this e-mail to Alex Saavedra? 6 Yes. Α. 7 Did Alex Saavedra respond to your e-mail? He responded, but I'm not sure if he was addressing this 8 9 e-mail. 10 Do you see a response from him on this page? 11 Α. Yes. 12 MR. FUTERFAS: Objection. 13 THE COURT: Overruled. Is his response on the page? 14 THE WITNESS: Yes. 15 THE COURT: Where? 16 THE WITNESS: On the top. 17 THE COURT: It's not evident here. You mean in the 18 caption? 19 MS. SCHOENBERGER: Perhaps if I can take a step back. 20 THE COURT: I will see counsel, one from each team. 21 Mr. Futerfas, you might as well come up. 22 (Continued on next page) 23

Katz - direct

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(At sidebar) THE COURT: What is the basis of the objection? MR. FUTERFAS: The characterization of it as a response. As the witness testified, the e-mail that he received from Mr. Saavedra was not in response to the prior e-mails. It was an e-mail, but it was not in response. THE COURT: There is no objection that it wasn't from Saavedra? MR. FUTERFAS: Correct. THE COURT: Objection overruled. (Continued on next page)

Katz - direct

1 (In open court)

- Mr. Katz, we're looking at Mr. Saavedra's response at the 2 Q.
- 3 top of the page here. Can you please read his e-mail to the
- 4 jury.
- 5 A. "I will have to speak with you about something that has
- come to light." 6
- 7 Q. At the time that you received this e-mail, did you have an
- understanding of what Mr. Saavedra meant? 8
- 9 Not exactly, no. Α.
- 10 Did you later develop an understanding of what he meant? Ο.
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 Q. How?
- 13 Through a phone call with Alex, Tage, and myself. Α.
- 14 When did that phone call take place? Q.
- 15 Α. If not that day, the next day.
- 16 Other than you and Mr. Saavedra and Ms. Chandarpaul, was
- 17 anyone else on the call?
- 18 Α. No.
- 19 Where were you during that phone call? Q.
- 20 I was in the Bronx, and we were in Tage's office. Α.
- And was Mr. Saavedra also in the Bronx? 21 Q.
- 22 A. He was working in the Bronx, but he wasn't in the Bronx
- 23 that day.
- 24 Do you know where he was that day?
- 25 He was in New Mexico. Α.

F4enusa1 Katz - direct

- 1 | Q. What was said on the phone call?
- 2 A. It was a very short call. He said whatever -- a
- 3 whistleblower has come forward, and whatever is going on in,
- 4 whatever is going on needs to stop.
- 5 | THE COURT: What is a whistleblower?
- 6 THE WITNESS: An individual within the organization
- 7 | that brought these allegations to light. I suppose within
- 8 | SEEDCO and SBS.
- 9 Q. Did he say anything else besides that there was a
- 10 | whistleblower and that whatever was going on has to stop?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. Did you say anything on the call?
- 13 A. I did. I asked who the whistleblower was.
- 14 | THE COURT: I can't hear you?
- 15 | THE WITNESS: I asked him who the whistleblower was.
- 16 | Q. Did Mr. Saavedra ask you if the whistleblower's allegations
- 17 | were true?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. At any point after that call did Mr. Saavedra ask you if
- 20 | the whistleblower's allegations were true?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. Mr. Katz, were you ever a defendant in this lawsuit?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Are you still a defendant in this lawsuit?
- 25 A. No.

1 Q. Why not?

THE COURT: Stop there.

You are trying the case against Mr. Saavedra only. You are to put out of your mind whatever happened to other people or companies who may also have been defendants. What happened to them is of no concern to you. You have enough business with this particular case alone, and so let's focus only on the case against Mr. Saavedra.

MS. SCHOENBERGER: Your Honor, may the witness respond to the question.

THE COURT: No. We can talk about it some more after the jury is excused for the day.

MS. SCHOENBERGER: Thank you, your Honor. I have no further questions at this time.

THE COURT: Cross-examination.

JUROR: Your Honor, can we have a two-minute break.

THE COURT: Sure. Before you get up, I have another matter that I have scheduled for 4 o'clock. I'm going take it at 4:30. So we are going to go until 4:30, and then we will resume at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

Five-minute break. Don't discuss the case, please. Those of you with books can leave them on your chairs.

(Continued on next page)

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                                Katz - direct
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               (Jury not present)
               THE COURT: Mr. Katz, while you are a witness, you are
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      not to talk to anybody about the case.
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               THE WITNESS: OK.
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               THE COURT: Did you hear the instruction?
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               MS. SCHOENBERGER: Yes.
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               THE COURT: Five minutes.
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               (Recess)
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- 1 (In open court; jury present)
- 2 | ALAN STEVEN KATZ, resumes
- 3 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- THE COURT: Be seated, everybody. Mr. Katz, you
- 5 remain under oath. Cross-examination by Mr. Futerfas.
- 6 MR. FUTERFAS: Thank your Honor.
- 7 BY MR. FUTERFAS:
 - Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Katz. How are you?
- 9 A. I'm good. Thank you.
- 10 Q. Mr. Katz, I wanted to start somewhere in the midst of your
- 11 examination.

- 12 Are you suggesting by your testimony that you and the
- 13 others in your department and at SEEDCO did not obtain
- 14 | legitimate placements and place people in jobs?
- 15 | A. I am, yes.
- 16 | Q. You're maintaining that no one at SEEDCO ever placed people
- 17 | in real jobs?
- 18 A. No. Excuse me.
- 19 | Q. All right. My question was unclear?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. I'll rephrase it for you.
- 22 In fact -- I'll phrase it in the converse -- in fact,
- 23 you and people in your team and people at SEEDCO did, in fact,
- 24 place people in real jobs at SEEDCO. Isn't that right?
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 | Q. In fact, you work hard to do that, didn't you?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And other people on your team worked hard to do that,
- 4 | right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. We are talking about legitimate jobs, legitimate
- 7 placements, correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Can you tell me the hours that you worked on a typical day
- 10 at SEEDCO?
- 11 A. Initially 9:00 to 6:00, and towards the end of my tenure,
- 12 | 9:00 to 8:00.
- 13 | Q. Did you have a sense that -- let me ask you this.
- Did you work hard to get people real jobs at SEEDCO?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Do you feel that the people under your guidance as part of
- 17 | your team, that they worked hard, too?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. What about your sense of the other people at SEEDCO, did
- 20 you get a sense they all worked hard, too, to try to get jobs
- 21 | for people in the community?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Now, have you ever seen the contract between SBS and
- 24 SEEDCO?
- 25 A. No.

- 1 | Q. Then I won't read it to you.
- 2 As part of your duties at SEEDCO, there were projects
- 3 | that, employment projects that SEEDCO tried to fulfill and
- 4 | tried to find employees for. Is that right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Like big stores, Century 21 or the Fairway chain, things
- 7 | like that, right?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. And part of your duties and responsibilities as managing
- 10 your team was to try to find those job opportunities and fill
- 11 | those job opportunities, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Sometimes those opportunities -- withdrawn.
- 14 Sometimes I think you testified on direct about these
- 15 | off site recruiting events. Do you remember that?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And sometimes there would be an employer who would want to
- 18 have an employment fair or an employment-gathering on premises
- 19 at the store. Is that right?
- 20 A. Correct, yes.
- 21 | Q. You're well aware of that, right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. Did you attend some of those?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Certainly people on your team attended? There were people

- 1 | actually tasked to go to those, right?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And employers knew, because you were working with those
- 4 employers, employers knew you or members of your team would be
- 5 | there to help them fulfill their staffing or employment needs.
- 6 Is that right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. Well, for example, do you remember in 2010 a project called
- 9 | East River Plaza?
- 10 A. Yes, it was 2009.
- 11 Q. 2009?
- 12 | A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. Do you remember the grand opening, the actual ribbon
- 14 cutting was on July 20th, 2010. Do you recall that?
- 15 | A. I recall the ribbon cutting. I am not sure when.
- 16 | O. You were there?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. The Mayor of New York was there?
- 19 | A. He was.
- 20 | Q. And city council persons were there?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And that project, was Mr. Saavedra there?
- 23 A. I don't remember if he was there.
- 24 | Q. That project, for instance, you recall that started
- 25 | sometime in 2009?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Do my questions at all refresh your recollection of the
- 3 official opening being sometime in the summer of 2010?
- 4 A. Yes, it could have been that time.
- 5 | Q. That was a very substantial employment project, wasn't it?
- 6 A. It was, yes.
- 7 | Q. Did that take up maybe for a time 50 percent of your time?
- 8 A. Yes, it is safe to say.
- 9 Q. That project, did SEEDCO work with other community-based
- 10 organizations to staff the East River Plaza?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. What are some of those organizations?
- 13 A. Off the top of my head Strive was the main community
- 14 partner that we worked with.
- 15 | Q. That undertaking, the East River Plaza, that was
- 16 | effectively a large mall on the East River Drive at about 125th
- 17 | Street or so. Is that right?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. It had numerous stores, Costco, and many different big box
- 20 stores, right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Do you recall that the total employment fulfillment was
- 23 | almost a thousand people for that mall?
- 24 | A. In total of all the stores combined?
- 25 Q. Yes.

- 1 A. It could have been, sure.
- 2 | Q. You viewed that as a pretty big undertaking, didn't you?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. To staff that one project alone, were events held,
- 5 recruiting events held at SEEDCO at 125th Street?
- 6 A. They were, yes.
- 7 Q. Go ahead, finish your sentence.
- 8 A. They were also held at Strive. That was the main, the main
- 9 recruitment events occurred in Strive since they were in the
- 10 | East Harlem neighborhood, so they were really the main driver
- 11 of the project.
- 12 Q. You worked with Strive to fulfill this employment, this
- 13 | very large employment event, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. Now, these recruitment events, whether they were held at
- 16 | 125th Street or at Strive, this would be SEEDCO personnel
- 17 | interviewing potential job candidates, right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. I would like to spend a few minutes on the process, if I
- 20 could.
- 21 If, for example, the recruitment event was off site,
- 22 | let's say at Strive or at a store location, right, the SEEDCO
- 23 | individual employee would bring the CIF forms we have seen on
- 24 | the screen, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. The reason for that -- and following up a bit some of the
- 2 | court's questions -- the reason for that is that when these
- 3 forms are filled out by the job seeker, right, the form is
- 4 | taken back to SEEDCO at 125th Street, right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And then at that point someone will input the information
- 7 on the form into this Work Sourcel System, right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. So at that point that's not a placement, correct?
- 10 A. It is not a placement, correct.
- 11 | Q. That is simply the registration of the job seeker into the
- 12 | Work Source1 System?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Now, we saw some of these CIF forms that the government
- 15 showed us. That handwriting is the handwriting of the
- 16 | customer, right? The customer fills out the form?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And the customer puts down their social security number,
- 19 || right?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And all their contact information?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. Identifying information, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Does the customer also have to show ID like a driver's

- 1 | license or something like that to verify who they are?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. Then, in addition to all that personal information, they
- 4 | then have to sign the form, right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. So you understand that the signatures on those forms that
- 7 were shown to you by the government over the last hour or two
- 8 are the signatures of the actual job seekers, right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Verifying that the information on that form is true and
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. And so then that form is taken back to your office, someone
- 14 | inputs that data on that CIF form into the system, right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 \parallel Q. Now, you were asked questions about something called an
- 17 | EIF. Do you remember that?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. That is a different form, right?
- 20 | A. Right.
- 21 | Q. Someone completes an EIF form when they're actually going
- 22 | to enter a placement into Work Source1, right?
- 23 | A. Right.
- 24 | Q. So just so we're clear on the process, the CIF information
- 25 | is entered, and all that does is register the person in Work

- 1 | Source?
- 2 A. Right.
- 3 Q. And that's relevant for something called re-engagement
- 4 calls. Do you remember that?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 | Q. We'll talk about that in a little bit.
- 7 The person is registered through the CIF?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Now, typically when a person comes into SEEDCO, who walks
- 10 | into 125th Street, they will get some services when they're
- 11 | there filling out the form. Isn't that right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. That is typical, correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And so, for example, they would see someone and someone
- 16 | will ask them do you have a current resume, right?
- 17 A. Right.
- 18 Q. What's your job experience, and they will kind of assess
- 19 | the needs of that individual where they are. Is that fair?
- 20 A. That's fair, yes.
- 21 | Q. And some people come into SEEDCO at 125th Street and
- 22 | they're, they're not in good circumstances, they may have prior
- 23 criminal matters, they may have addiction issues. There are
- 24 people who come in who have a hard time getting a job.
- 25 Is that fair?

Katz - cross

- 1 A. That is fair.
- 2 Q. And there are other people who come into SEEDCO who are
- 3 more readily employable because maybe they've got a pattern of
- 4 working, or they've got a degree or they've got a decent skill
- 5 set or maybe a resume. Am I accurately recounting things
- 6 | there?
- 7 A. Yes, that makes sense, yes.
- 8 | Q. And so now when they come in, depending on their skill set
- 9 and depending on these circumstances, they will then be seen by
- 10 people to help them out, right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. If someone comes in who is readily employable, the
- 13 | individual at intake will see the person, right, and give them
- 14 | the CIF form will then be able to direct them and say oh, this
- 15 | person has worked in the food industry, I know so and so at
- 16 | SEEDCO needs 10 jobs at a restaurant, looking for people in the
- 17 | food industry, Mr. Jones, I am going to send you over here,
- 18 | right? Is that essentially the process?
- 19 A. That is essentially the process.
- 20 Q. That goes on hundreds of times a day, right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. In fact, how many people over the course of a week, could
- 23 | you see three or four hundred people at SEEDCO?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Now, when you're off site at a recruitment event, you're at

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Katz - cross

a Fairway or, for example, the East River Project, if you're at some off site event where people have gathered to try to find employment, they're encountering SEEDCO people there, too, right? Α. Yes. Now, was there a policy whereby SEEDCO couldn't tell people that they were SEEDCO, they had to say they were from Workforcel? Do you remember anything like that? A. Yes. We were NYC Business Solutions, operating under that brand name. So, yes. THE COURT: That is yes? What is yes, yes? the question that you answered yes? THE WITNESS: SEEDCO employees, did we operate under a different name as opposed to being SEEDCO employees when we met with candidates at these events. THE COURT: Why is that? THE WITNESS: Branding in the city from SBS. THE COURT: The city wanted you to use a different name, is that what you're saying? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: What was your different name? THE WITNESS: We were NYC Business Solutions. of the centers, not just SEEDCO, but all the other vendors that operated these other Workforcel centers in all the boroughs

operated as NYC Business Solutions as opposed to the contractor

1 | they worked for.

2 THE COURT: Okay.

3 BY MR. FUTERFAS:

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Q. So another question on that topic.

If someone contacted a job seeker and said were you seen by a SEEDCO employee at Fairway, the person would have no idea they were actually seen by a SEEDCO employee because the name they would be given would be this business solutions or New York City Business Solutions, something like that, right?

- A. Yes, correct.
- 11 Q. You understand that that was a directive that came down
- 12 | from SBS to Workforce1?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Yes?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- Q. Now, at these off site events that you've talked about a
- 17 little bit on your direct examination, would your staff and
- 18 your team sometimes -- withdrawn.
- 19 Would your staff and your team advertise for
- 20 | recruitment events?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Where would you advertise?
- 23 A. Craig's List.
- 24 Q. So you would spend SEEDCO money putting ads in newspapers
- 25 or as you said on Craig's List, right?

1 A. Correct.

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- 2 | Q. To get people to recruitment events for employers, right?
- 3 A. Yes, whether they were off site or within the center, yes.
 - Q. How often within the center were there recruitment events?
- 5 A. Often. Maybe a little less than us going out to -- no.
- Excuse me. They were as often as us actually going out to the employer siters.
- Q. Did you have -- I didn't want to cut you off -- did you have something else you wanted to add?
- A. Yeah, because part of the benefit for us to employers was
 for us to say you can come and use our space free of charge,
 come to us and we will have the candidates there, we'll
 advertise and we'll vet the candidates and you can use our
 rooms. Events occurred on site and off site.
 - Q. Just picking a number, I am certainly not going to hold you to it, but were there five recruitment events a week, 10 recruitment events a week at 125th Street? Can you ballpark it when you were there?
- 19 A. Can you clarify your question regarding recruitment events.

THE COURT: Mr. Futerfas wants to know generally how many recruitment events you had to go to?

- 22 | THE WITNESS: We went to off site?
- 23 | THE COURT: In a typical week?
- 24 THE WITNESS: On site? Off site? Five, perhaps.
- THE COURT: Five a week?

1	THE WITNESS: It could be more, it could be less.
2	THE COURT: How about a month, how long a period?
3	20, 25 a month?
4	THE WITNESS: Give or take, 20, approximately.
5	THE COURT: Would you have people go to it from both
6	your Bronx and Manhattan offices or only from one of those?
7	THE WITNESS: From both, from both.
8	THE COURT: Where were your offices in Manhattan?
9	THE WITNESS: We're on 125th and Frederick Douglas I
10	believe is the cross street.
11	THE COURT: 125th and 8th Avenue?
12	THE WITNESS: By the Apollo, yes.
13	THE COURT: By the Apollo Theater?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes.
15	THE COURT: It might urge you to go to the Apollo
16	Theater.
17	THE WITNESS: We held a recruiting event there.
18	THE COURT: Some good jazz, too, maybe. What your
19	office in the Bronx?
20	THE WITNESS: We were on 149th, right near Lincoln
21	Hospital.
22	THE COURT: Okay. The events you go to were all over
23	the city?
24	THE WITNESS: They were all over the city as well as
25	within our centers.

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- BY MR. FUTERFAS:
- Q. Picking up, do you remember that your team and SEEDCO did a
- 3 recruitment for the hotel in Harlem called the Aloft Hotel?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Was that, in fact, recruitment event was actually held at
- 6 | the Apollo Theater, right?
- 7 \parallel A. It was, yes.
 - Q. How many people showed up for that recruitment event?
- 9 A. A hundred, perhaps.
- 10 | Q. At these off site -- for the purpose of our discussion, can
- 11 | we call these the off site events when you're not at the 125th
- 12 | location street at SEEDCO, they're at some other location?
- 13 \blacksquare A. Can I ask?
- 14 | Q. Please.
- 15 | A. When I think recruitment events, we have held recruitment
- 16 events at our center that employers didn't come, we didn't
- 17 attend.
- 18 We would advertise recruitment events on Craig's List
- 19 | for a new location opening, say, T.J. Maxx and folks would come
- 20 to meet with the SEEDCO staff only. I am lumping that as a
- 21 | recruitment event. I want to make the distinction.
- 22 Are you referring to a recruitment event with an
- 23 | employer present?
- 24 | Q. I am making that assumption.
- 25 A. The number can be --

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Katz - cross

THE COURT: I don't know that it makes any difference. It doesn't make any difference. Mr. Futerfas, he wants to know generally how many of these recruit events you went to. Now that we have that information, why don't we call it a day and continue tomorrow at 10:00 o'clock. Tomorrow we have to stop at about 3:30, maybe a little bit longer, but we have to stop. There is a program in the courthouse celebrating the career of one of our former colleagues, Harold Baer, Jr. He was a distinguished judge and no longer alive, but we are going to celebrate his life. See you at 10:00 o'clock tomorrow. Leave your books. Ms. jones will collect them. Don't discuss the case. Come back fresh and with an open mind. (Jury excused) THE COURT: See you tomorrow at 10:00. Don't discuss the case with anyone, not even any of the lawyers. THE WITNESS: Okay. THE COURT: We will recess till tomorrow. One more Ms. Blain opened at 1:55 pm and finished at 2:05 pm. thing. Ms. Schein began at 2:05 and ended at 2:20. Then Ms. Schoenberger questioned Mr. Katz from 2:20 until 3:50, and Mr. Futerfas began at 4:05 and ended at 4:20. MR. FUTERFAS: That is what we have, your Honor. THE COURT: We'll add it up. (Court adjourned until Wednesday, April 15, 2015)

1	INDEX OF EXAMINATION
2	Examination of: Page
3	ALAN STEPHEN KATZ
4	Direct By Ms. Schoenberger
5	Cross The Court
6	GOVERNMENT EXHIBITS
7	Exhibit No. Received
8	7
9	2
10	57
11	65
12	66
13	67
14	10
15	6
16	8
17	1
18	71
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	